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THE MORNING STAR.

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

An earthquake shock was felt yesterday at Lynchburg and other towns in Virginia —— Appropriations for fortifications and coast defences were considered in the House of Representatives and the bill passed, carrying $4,144,192; the Senate was not in session. —— A shortage of $859 has been found in the U. S. Treasury; it took twenty-eight expert counters and a force of laborers and verifiers nearly five months to make the discovery. —— Populists in Congress have organized a congressional committee. —— A revolution has broken out in Costa Rica. —— The Spanish Government consents to the admission of supplies for destitute Cubans at any port free of duty. —— Populists and Silver Republicans in Congress have determined that the two parties work together in the coming campaign, and both organizations should endeavor to work with the Democrats. —— Six firemen killed at a fire in Boston, Mass.; four other firemen were injured. —— At Crescent, Fayette county, Va., Geo. P. Tucker killed his wife and Wm. McAllister. —— The Whittenton mills, Taunton, Mass., give notice of a seven per cent. reduction in wages. —— It is denied that Great Britain is bound to Japan by any warlike alliance, and affirmed that the Government will not recede from the position taken by the Marquis of Salisbury. —— A Chicago syndicate has purchased an island eight miles from Detroit and on Canadian soil for the purpose of establishing there an American Monte Carlo. —— A Madrid dispatch says that U. S. Minister Woodford presented an official note to the Government to which Sagasta responded in vigorous terms; work on naval armaments is being rapidly pushed. —— Thirty officers and 1,450 soldiers arrived at Havana yesterday from Spain. —— Two children lost their lives in a tenement house fire in New York city. —— Many Spanish residents in Cuba believe that annexation to the United States is necessary to her property. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1½@1¾ per cent.; last loan at 1½ per cent.; cotton steady—middling 5 15-16c; flour quiet and firmly held; wheat—spot firm; No. 2 red $1.03½; corn—spot firm; No. 2 36¾c; rosin quiet—strained, common to good, $1.40@1.45; spirits turpentine firm at 34@34½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 5.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 35 deg.; 8 P. M., 44 deg.; maximum, 58 deg.; minimum, 46 deg.; mean, 34 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .21; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, .21.

Port Almanac---February 6.

Sun Rises	6.58 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.31 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 33 M.
High Water at Southport	7.22 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	9.02 A. M.

The pig iron business was heavier last year than in 1896, about 200,000 tons heavier.

As a starter the wire Trust has advanced the price of wire and nails a dollar a ton.

A biography of the Prince of Wales says he is very fond of Americans. He takes to those of a sportive turn.

The first cargo of American pig iron received in Sweden, arriving at Gothenburg last week, came from the South and was shipped from Savannah.

If Corbett was cured of dyspepsia by that solar plexus punch from Fitzsimmons, he might try a few punches in the jaw to cure that habit of too much chinning.

"Fifty three men are trying to reform the Republican party in New York," remarks the Philadelphia *North American*. This is a stupendous job for fifty-three men to undertake.

If Gen. Blanco doesn't succeed better as a soldier than as a briber his aspirations to fame will never be realized. So far he hasn't succeeded in buying anything worth carting to Havana.

With the wave of "McKinley prosperity" the embezzling industry picked up considerably last year. The total of embezzlements was $11,154,550, an increase of $2,000,000 over 1896.

In Germany the law is when a man's life is insured and he loses his hands by an accident, he can claim the life insurance money, because as he can't earn a living he is considered practically dead.

A pack of cards in the pocket of a New York man caught a bullet aimed at him and saved his life. But this doesn't offset the bullets that packs of cards have caused to be shot into other fellows.

A New York statesman has introduced a bill requiring Chinese laundrymen to give receipts for washee, washee in English. That is an insidious attempt to knock John Chinaman out with the vernacular.

Having quashed the Teller resolution in the House, the Philadelphia *North American* rises to remark that "The gold men should now take the aggressive and pass a bill of their own making." Now it should proceed to suggest a way by which such a bill could be got through the Senate, which is "agin em."

An Indiana Odd Fellows' Mutual Aid Society has closed up shop with liabilities of $100,000 and assets a little over $3. Three is an odd number. Some of the Fellows inside seem to have been running that thing for their mutual benefit.

There are bunglers in all kinds of business. There were 920 duels in Italy last year, but one amateur or bungler took it in earnest and killed his man.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Opera House—Wilbur Opera Co.
King Grocery Co.—Free.
John Haar—To the public.
Ask your druggist about it
J. W. Murchison—Save money.
W. B. Cooper—Corn, hay, oats.
J. J. Shepard—Carpets must go.
Myers & Lewis—Get our prices.
R. R. Stone & Co. Seed potatoes.
J. A. Springer—Coal and wood.
A. Prempert—Mr. E. R. Hughes.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Reductions.
Owen F. Love & Co.—Plumbing.
Atlantic Na'l Bank-Capital $125,000.
J. W. Sneeden—Administr'r's notice.
W. E. Worth & Co.-Shining beacon.
Welsbach Light Co.—$100 reward.
Vollers & Hashagen—Cuban blossom

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Patents—Inventors' Guide.
Wanted—Agents.
Hiram Moore—Money.
J. R. Watson—Notice.
A. D. Wessell—For rent.
Wanted—Young white woman.
P. H. Hayden—Buggies, harness.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Col. H. M. Drane, of Armour, is here.

— Mr. J. A. Brown, of Chadbourn, is at the Orton.

— Mr. G. R. LeRoy, of Norfolk, is a guest at the Orton.

— Mr. W. L. Hill, of Warsaw, spent yesterday in Wilmington.

— Mr. T. Coe and wife, of Southport, are registered at the Orton.

— Mr. D. J. Swindell, of Rocky Mount, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. W. F. Pickett, of Magnolia, was a guest at one of Wilmington's hotel yesterday.

— Mr. James K. Collier will leave this afternoon for New Orleans on business, and will spend about two weeks there.

— Mr. J. W. Morris, division passenger agent of the A. C. L., arrived here yesterday from Charleston.

— Mr. S. L. Smith has returned from a trip in the interests of the oil can which he manufactures. He secured good orders at Enfield, Whitaker, Clinton, Kinston, Warsaw and other towns.

— Mr. L. L. Bultman is in the city in the interest of the Woodmen of the World. He will spend some time working for an increase of membership for Live Oak Camp of this city, of which Mr. T. M. Post is the presiding officer. Mr. Bultman is the guest of his brother-in-law, Jno. J. Fowler, Esq.

Fire Early This Morning.

Fire broke out about 3.30 o'clock this morning in Mr. D. J. Steljes' grocery store, corner of Thirteenth and Market streets. The flames extended to Mr. Steljes' dwelling (unoccupied) on Market street, and to two other buildings, one occupied by Charles Kunold and the other by Chief of Police Melton. The fire department was promptly on the scene. Most of the furniture in the houses was saved. No estimate of the loss or insurance could be ascertained.

Truck Dealers Here.

Several gentlemen from Northern cities have recently come to Wilmington for the trucking season for the purpose of representing extensive truck dealers North. Among them are Mr. W. A. Sharp, of Chattanooga, Tenn., Messrs. O. C. Stevens and S. A. Townsend, of Philadelphia, and Mr. A. S. Maynard, of Chicago. All these gentlemen are stopping at the Orton.

To Give a Poster Party.

Early next week a "Poster Party" will be given by the young ladies of the St. Cecilia Circle of the Woman's Auxiliary of St. James' Episcopal Church. The event will be in the parish house in the rear of the church, and it will be quite a novel and especially interesting entertainment. It is thought that Tuesday, the 15th inst., will be the date.

Dead Man in a Box-car.

A colored man was found dead in a box-car yesterday morning at South Rocky Mount. Ten other colored men, evidently tramps, were found in the same car. Some of them said that their companion had frozen to death, but there were other accounts that conflicted with theirs. All the negroes are under arrest, awaiting the coroner's inquest.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure prompt and regular delivery.

LOCAL DOTS.

— See fourth page for other new advertisements.

— Spirits turpentine yesterday was quoted on 'change as high as 32¾ cents per gallon.

— Young men are urged to attend the 10 o'clock Bible class in the lecture room at the Y. M. C. A.

— The receipts of cotton at this port yesterday were 391 bales; the same day last year they were 1,117.

— The addition being erected in the rear of the Atlantic Coast Line building is nearing completion.

— Mr. W. H. Chadbourn mailed his resignation yesterday as member of the Board of Directors of the State Penitentiary.

— To-morrow carpenters will put the doors in the arch at the Y. M. C. A. building as ordered by the Musical Association.

— The cloudy and warmer weather of yesterday, the truckers say, is beneficial to lettuce which was slightly damaged by the recent freeze.

Local Indications—Partly cloudy, with possibly an occasional light rain or snow flurry; colder Sunday night, winds becoming northwest Sunday.

— Capt. E. C. Cohen of the A. C. L. Railroad yesterday accepted an appointment of Marshal for the coming Fair at New Bern. Mr. Henry B. Bryan is Chief Marshal.

— The selection of a member of the Board of Audit and Finance to succeed Mr. H. C. McQueen, who was made chairman on day before yesterday, will be made by the Board.

— The annual appropriation for road improvement in New Hanover county will be made by the county commissioners during their session to-morrow. They meet at 2.30 P. M.

— Superintendent M. C. S. Noble did not receive formal notice of his election to the chair of Pedagogy until yesterday. He is not yet ready to make public his decision.

— Rev. Mr. Wetmore will preach at St. Paul's Episcopal church to-day. After the sermon the Holy Communion will be administered by Rt. Reverend Bishop A. A. Watson.

— Three tramps were arraigned before Mayor Wright yesterday charged with drunkenness and disorderly conduct. They were escorted beyond the city limits and ordered never to return.

— At 11.40 o'clock last night a false alarm of fire was turned in from Box 35, corner Chesnut and Ninth streets. There is no clue to the guilty party. The Fire Department made a prompt response.

— Mr. Adolf H. Matson, of 329 Daly street, Philadelphia, whose desire to purchase a small farm and locate in this State was recently announced in the STAR, writes us that he has received 53 letters up to Feb'y 1st offering him inducements. It seems quite certain that the STAR has many readers.

— Messrs. Geo. Harriss, Son & Co., cleared on yesterday the British schooner *Bessie Parker*, Capt. Carter, for St. John, N. B., and Halifax, N. S., with a cargo of tar, pitch, rosin, and spirits turpentine shipped by Paterson Downing & Co. and valued at $8,766.99.

ITEMS FROM DUPLIN.

Death of Two Prominent Citizens and an Estimable Lady.

Mr. F. H. Keathley, ex-chairman of the Board of County Commissioners of Duplin county, died at his home Wednesday, the 2d, of consumption. He represented Duplin in the lower house of the Legislature in 1895.

Mr. H. R. Kornegay, for many years past a prominent attorney at the Duplin Bar, died Friday night, 4th inst., at his home in Kenansville. He had been in feeble health for some months.

Mrs. Mary Brown, wife of Mr. Isaac Brown, formerly of Warsaw, now of Pilot Mountain, died at her daughter's home in Rocky Mount on the 3d inst., of heart trouble. She was buried at Warsaw yesterday.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—195 bales cotton, 8 bbls tar.

W. C. & A. Railroad—146 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 107 bbls rosin, 24 bbls tar.

Carolina Central Railroad—44 bales cotton, 41 bbls crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. Railroad—4 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 173 bbls rosin, 52 bbls tar.

Steamer Frank Sessoms—2 bales cotton, 60 casks spirits turpentine, 35 bbls rosin, 69 bbls tar.

Parker's Flat—105 casks spirits turpentine.

Total—Cotton, 391 bales; spirits turpentine, 201 casks; rosin, 315 bbls; tar, 153 bbls; crude turpentine, 41 bbls.

Will Preach This Morning.

This morning the venerable Joseph R. Wilson, D. D., will occupy the pulpit at the First Presbyterian Church at 11 o'clock, but there will be no service at night. Dr. Wilson expresses himself as delighted to be back in Wilmington among his beloved former parishioners. He says that he finds conditions very much changed from what they were when he went away.

As has been heretofore announced by the STAR, Dr. Wilson will supply Dr. Hoge's pulpit while he is away on his tour of the Holy Land and Europe. The doctor is making his home with Mr. Edwin Lilly, on Sixth and Dock streets.

DEATHS AND BIRTHS.

Report of Dr. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, for the Month of January.

The deaths in Wilmington during the week ending yesterday, as reported to the Health Office, numbered 9. Of the decedents, three were white, being one to every 3,666 white inhabitants, and 6 were colored, or one to every 2,333 colored inhabitants. Death was caused from the following diseases: Inanition, 1; apoplexy, 1; old age, 1; tuberculosis, 1; paralysis, 1; asthma, 1; consumption, 1; convulsions, 1, and one death was from an unknown cause.

There were 19 births during the week, of which two were white.

The report of Dr. W. D. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, as it will be presented to the Board of Aldermen to-morrow night, is as follows:

To the Hon. Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

GENTLEMEN:—During the month of January we have recorded the births of 21 white and 51 colored infants; 8 white and 27 colored deaths.

There have been four houses quarantined for scarlet fever and two for smallpox; twenty-five persons have been quarantined on account of exposure to smallpox; all the quarantines for smallpox have been relieved.

On the 12th of January Stephen Johnson, colored, at 205 Hanover street, was reported as having a developed case of smallpox. He was immediately quarantined and all persons who had been in contact with him vaccinated and quarantined. Johnson was released on the 30th at 6 P. M.

On the morning of the 15th, James Hodge appeared in the Health office with smallpox. He was taken to his home in Northrop's alley, where he was rigidly quarantined with all inmates of the house, who were vaccinated at once. Hodge was removed to the smallpox hospital at Mt. Tirzah, where he now is in a state of convalescence and will be released about the 5th.

The police force and firemen have been vaccinated. The city prison is in good sanitary condition. The quarters of the firemen are kept clean and neat. I call your attention to the drinking water of Cape Fear Engine Company.

The city pound is in bad sanitary condition, and I must respectfully call your attention to it

Respectfully,
WM. D. MCMILLAN.

FOR THE HOLY LAND.

Dr. Hoge and Party Left New York Yesterday on the Steamer Aller.

Yesterday at noon the steamship *Aller*, of the North German Lloyd Line sailed from New York for Gibraltar, bearing in her palatial apartments Dr. Peyton H. Hoge and his party of tourists who are off for a six months tour of the Holy Land and Europe.

During the forenoon quite a number of telegrams were sent from Wilmington, not only to Dr. Hoge but to Dr. E. A. Alderman and Miss Martha Williams, both of whom leave a host of dear friends in the "city by the sea."

The messages were principally wishing for them a safe voyage and delightful tour of "the old country."

The *Aller* is due at Gibraltar on the 15th inst., and the party will "do" Malaga and Granada on the 16th, Algiers on the 18th and Naples from the 19th to the 21st, reaching Egypt February 25th. Letters intended for any member of the party, mailed before February 13th, should be addressed care of Clark's Tourist Office (Thewfikieh Nile Navigation Co.) Rue Kamel Pasha, opposite Shepheard's Hotel, Cairo, Egypt, and from that date to March 11th to Clark's Tourist Office, Jerusalem, Palestine.

STORE BROKEN OPEN.

Goods to the Value of a Hundred Dollars or More Stolen.

When Heikel Gideon (a Syrian), notions and dry goods dealer, went to open his store on South Front street, between Dock and Orange, yesterday morning, he found that the store had been entered and that goods amounting in value to $100 or perhaps more had been removed. The door had been forced open by the use of an axe and an iron rod, both of which were lying near by. In the soft dirt by the high plank wall which surrounds the little enclosure at the rear of the store was the track of a shoe, of size 8 or 9.

The burglar or burglars took off a liberal supply of shoes, overcoats, coats, pants, socks, underwear, jewelry, towels, razors, handkerchiefs, etc.—such an assortment, in fact, that the proprietor was inclined to believe that a dealer did the work. The burglary was committed between 9 o'clock Friday night and 7 o'clock yesterday morning. Several shelves which were left piled up with goods were found entirely bare.

Receives Diploma from State Fair.

Mr. H. Kuhl has received and placed in a handsome frame the diploma awarded by the North Carolina Agricultural Society to his son, Mr. F. W. Kuhl, of Thompson School, Siler City, for the best specimen of ornamental penmanship at the last State Fair. The diploma is something to be highly prized. It bears the seal of the State and the signatures of R. H. Battle and John Nichols, president and secretary of the Fair Association.

Free Masons' Hall.

Mr. Eugene T. Martin will on Tuesday night next, at the regular monthly communication of St. John's Lodge No. 1, of F. & A. Masons, by request, present a prepared sketch of the old building on Orange street, between Front and Second, known in times agone as "Free Masons' Hall," which will be highly interesting to every Mason of the city and every one is invited to be present.

THE POSTOFFICE.

Formal Transfer to the New Postmaster Will Be Made This Afternoon.

CHADBOURN TAKES CHARGE.

Ex-Postmaster Morton Retires With the Respect and Confidence of the People—His Management Has the Endorsement of the Department.

The transfer of a postoffice where a large amount of business is transacted is something of an undertaking and is most frequently done on Sunday when there is least business transacted. So this afternoon has been selected as affording a good opportunity for the retiring postmaster to transfer to his successor the control of the Wilmington postoffice. This means that all the stamps will be counted out and the books, keys and everything else that pertains to the active duties of postmaster will pass from Mr. Morton's hands to Mr. Chadbourn's this afternoon.

Mr. Chadbourn has not made public his decision, if he has made one, as to who will be his assistant. The present assistant postmaster, Mr. W. C. Craft, will most probably remain in the office for two or three weeks. The rest of the force are nearly all under civil service, and will not be removed without cause.

Mr. Morton will be occupied for a week or ten days making out reports and finally arranging the business of the postoffice so far as it concerns him. He will have a desk in the office of the assistant postmaster and will be ready to furnish to the new incumbent such information about the control of the office as he may desire. Mr. Morton's term began January 15, 1894.

The Retiring Postmaster.

In surrendering the trust confided to him for so long a period Mr. Morton may rest assured that he carries with him the high appreciation of the people he has served so faithfully and so well. Painstaking, accommodating, resourceful and vigilant, he has won the respect and confidence of the business men of Wilmington; and it may be conscientiously said that no previous management of this office has ever given more general satisfaction.

Mr. Morton has during his term inaugurated many reforms in the mail service. Among them may be named the increase of service between Wilmington and Shallotte from semi-weekly to tri-weekly; free delivery at Wrightsville Beach, and the system of exchanging pouches of registered letters between Wilmington, Richmond, Baltimore, Washington and New York, which has proved a great convenience to bankers and business men generally. He has made many other improvements in the service, most of which have been heretofore mentioned in the STAR.

One of the best evidences of Mr. Morton's thorough efficiency is his high standing with the post-office officials at Washington. He has been complimented on his good work by the First Assistant Postmaster General and the heads of other bureaux, and during the second year of his term he received the following letter from one of the most capable officers in the service, who came to Wilmington and made a thorough inspection of the office:

POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF POST-OFFICE INSPECTORS,
GOLDSBORO, N. C., Dec. 2, 1896.

Mr. Geo. L. Morton, Postmaster, Wilmington, N. C.

DEAR SIR—Allow me to congratulate you on having such a well conducted office and efficient force, and upon rendering such a very satisfactory service to the public, as well as to the department.

Mr. Craft, Miss Darby, Miss Bell and the other members of your force are so efficient in their respective duties, to say nothing of the postmaster, that I would scarcely know where to begin in paying compliments.

Your office is certainly second to none that I have ever visited, and if I find one that is more satisfactorily conducted than yours I will be sure to notify you.

Very respectfully,
H. T. GREGORY,
Post-Office Inspector.

The New Postmaster.

Postmaster Chadbourn, though yet untried, has the elements necessary to success in his new calling. He is a man of education and intelligence, with excellent judgment, and an ample fund of good common sense. His business experience, too, extends through a period of many years, and the STAR will be disappointed if he does not make an excellent postmaster.

Discharged from the Pest House.

James Hodge, the colored man who has been confined at the smallpox pest house, was discharged yesterday afternoon. He was relieved of his clothing, which was burned, and at the city's expense was furnished with a new suit of clothing from shoes to hat. Lum Cotten, the colored nurse, received the same treatment only along with his clothing was burned by Dr. McMillan's orders some Confederate bills, as it was not thought perfectly safe to let him keep them. Hodge was driven in a surrey from the hospital to the alley where he lives.

Fruit and Truck Growers.

A called meeting of the Executive Committee of the East Carolina Fruit and Truck Growers Association was held here yesterday. Among those present were Messrs. J. A. Brown, chairman, J. H. Westbrook, G. W. Westbrook, W. L. Hill.

STABBED IN THE SHOULDER.

Colored Stevedore Cut With a Knife by a Negro.

Yesterday afternoon about four o'clock Bristow Hurst, a colored stevedore aged 35 years and an employe in the Champion Compress, was stabbed by another colored man on Water street between Dock and Orange. Hurst says he does not know who the man was that stabbed him, but others said that it was a young colored man named Floyd Cole.

After being stabbed Hurst ran to Front street and up Front to Mr. R. R. Bellamy's drug store. He was bleeding freely and his clothes were saturated with blood. Dr. J. C. Shepard and a colored physician, Dr. T. R. Mask, were called in to dress the man's wound. They found a stab two or three inches deep in the left shoulder four inches above the heart. After the physicians had rendered the necessary services, Hurst was placed in a carriage and driven to his home on Fourth street, between Church and Castle.

He says the man who stabbed him had changed some money for him and claimed that he had given him too much. Hurst denied this, and when he did, Cole, if this was the man, whipped out a pocket-knife and drove it to the handle in Hurst's body. Officers are in pursuit of Cole.

THE WILMINGTON HIGH SCHOOL.

Miss Rose, One of the Teachers, Resigns on Account of Ill Health.

The resignation of Miss Annie Lee Rose as teacher in the Wilmington High School has been accepted and Miss Rose left yesterday morning for a protracted visit to relations in Graham county. Miss Rose's resignation is occasioned by ill health.

The School Board has elected a successor to Miss Rose, but owing to the fact that the party has not yet accepted, the name is withheld from the public.

Miss Rose has been a teacher in the High School here for the past four years and the School Board, her associate teachers and the children who have been under her tutelage, all speak of her in the very highest terms, not only as a highly successful teacher, but also as a lady of rare culture and admirable disposition.

She came to Wilmington in 1894 as one of the first teachers in the High School, having just completed her course in the Greensboro Normal and Industrial College, and during her stay here has won many admiring friends who regret exceedingly that she has been forced to give up her position and leave the city. It is hoped that her health may very soon materially improve and that she will again assume the duties of the position from which she now retires.

Will Be Tried Again.

Last Friday a difficulty occurred on and near the Government wharf between Capt. Smith of the cutter *Morrill*, and Joshua Green, a colored citizen of Wilmington, during which Capt. Smith called two officers of the cutter to his assistance. Soon afterwards the Captain and these officers went before a magistrate and plead guilty to a charge of assault and also to a charge of assault and battery, and paid the penalty imposed. Notwithstanding this disposition of the case, warrants were sworn out by Green before Justice Bunting yesterday, and the same parties were arrested and required to give bond in the sum of $300 each for their appearance before him next Tuesday at 10.30 o'clock A. M.

Green claims that the assault was entirely unprovoked, but Capt. Smith tells a very different story. As the matter will be investigated Tuesday, the STAR will not go into details now.

Returned From Chapel Hill.

Rev. Dr. Robert Strange returned from Chapel Hill last evening. He has been spending a week there conducting the morning devotional exercises and taking part in the Y. M. C. A. services at night. It is the plan to have a prominent minister from one of the different denominations to remain at the University for one week at the last of each month, and Dr. Strange was the first to be chosen. It was a very great pleasure for him to spend a while amid the scenes of his college days. The University he finds to have grown and developed wonderfully since he was there, and he expresses himself as being impressed with the gentlemanly deportment of the students.

A Book on Wrestling.

The STAR'S "sporting editor" acknowledges the receipt of the prospectus and specimen pages of Hugh H. Leonard's "Hand-book of Wrestling" soon to be issued from the presses of E. R. Pelton, Publisher, of New York. The object of the work it seems will be to present a historical review and the fundamental principles of wrestling, together with various styles of the sport. The author is instructor in wrestling at the New York Athletic Club. Indications are that the work will be quite interesting and instructive to wrestling enthusiasts.

Freedman's Bank Depositors.

What is known as the Lamb bill, recently introduced in Congress, provides for the appropriation of $1,000,000 to pay depositors in the defunct Freedman's Saving and Trust Company. If this bill shall become a law the amounts that will come to the North Carolina cities where branches were established will be, approximately, as follows: Wilmington, $10,000; Raleigh, $7,000, Newbern, $7,000.

SOUVENIRS PRESENTED.

Charming Entertainment Given to One of the Most Elite Whist Clubs of the City.

The members of one of Wilmington's most elite whist clubs were charmingly entertained yesterday afternoon by their fellow clubwoman, Miss Mary Meares, at her home on Market street.

There were fourteen guests in attendance, and abundant preparation had been made for their entertainment. The ladies played many interesting and sharply contested games of whist, and the charming hostess treated her guests to delicious refreshments.

A feature of the event, one, too, which will blend with environment and entertainment in commemorating the club meet, was the presentation of lovely souvenirs to each guest. They were exquisitely designed sachet bags giving out a perfume of especial fragrance. They were hand-painted, the work having been done by Miss Meares herself, who is, by the way, one of Wilmington's most talented and skilled artists.

The personnel of the club is as follows: Misses Lilla Bellamy, Carrie Maffitt, Anna and Kate Cantwell, Sue Meares, Margaret Gibson and Jeanie Strange and Mesdames E. V. Baltzer, N. N. Davis, Charles L. Grainger, Owen F. Love, William B. Thorpe, Herbert Borden, W. F. Robertson and Robert Jewett.

MISS SUSIE KIRWIN.

Wilbur-Kirwin Opera Company—Living Pictures—A Great Treat.

Probably no theatrical announcement has been received with more delight by the play-goers of the city than that the Wilbur-Kirwin Opera Company, headed by that bright and popular favorite, Susie Kirwin, will appear here.

The organization occupies a high position in the operatic field. They will present in this city, beginning to-morrow night, a repertoire of popular works as follows: Monday, "Said Pasha;" Tuesday, "Royal Middy;" Wednesday matinee, "Bohemian Girl;" Wednesday night, "Queen's Lace Handkerchief;" Thursday, "The Mascotte;" Friday, "Carmen." Saturday's matinee and evening bill will be announced later.

The STAR is informed that the company numbers over half a hundred and carry two car-loads of scenery and electrical effects. Miss Kirwin has been highly spoken of and well received in the South for her conscientious work.

The living pictures given at the close of each opera are said to be the finest ever sent out of New York. The prices are the lowest in the world for opera. The sale of seats is large and a big engagement is anticipated.

Death of Mrs. S. E. S. Willson.

The STAR notes with sorrow the death of Mrs. Sarah E. S. Willson, relict of the late William Willson. She passed away last night, in her 79th year, at 11 o'clock, at the residence of her son, Mr. J. E. Willson. She had been in feeble health for years and death resulted as much from a general break down of the system as from anything else.

Mrs. Willson had lived in Wilmington all her life. Her husband preceded her to the grave in 1882. Those of her children who survive her are Mr. J. E. Willson, of this city, Mr. Charles D. Willson, a travelling salesman, and Messrs. Walter and Benjamin Willson, who live in Florida. Mrs. Willson was a faithful member of Grace M. E. Church.

The funeral will take place Monday at 3.30 P. M. from the residence of her son, Mr. J. E. Willson, 615 Princess street.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran Church, Fourth street above Bladen, morning service at 11 o'clock, conducted by the pastor, Rev. G. D. Bernheim. All seats free. No service at night. Sunday School at 9.30 A. M

Services in St. John's Church today, Septuagesima Sunday, by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael. Litany. Sermon and Holy Communion at 11 A. M. Evening prayer 4.30 P. M. Sunday school 3.30 P. M.

The Rev. G. D. Bernheim will conduct divine services in the English language at St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran Church to-night at 7.30 o'clock.

St. James, Septuagesima. 11 A. M., the Litany, the Holy Communion, Sermon; 5 P. M. Evening Prayer. Teacher's Meeting 3.25 P. M. Sunday School at 3.45 P. M. Public cordially invited.

The Late Mr. Jas. Mills.

The funeral of the late Mr. James Mills, a well known fisherman, who passed to his reward on Thursday last, took place Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock from Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Rev. P. C. Morton officiating. The interment was made in Bellevue cemetery. Deceased was a very worthy man and a member of Immanuel Church. He is survived by his wife and three children.

"It Grows More Vigorous."

Christian *Herald*: "The Wilmington Daily STAR put on a new and most becoming dress recently. Though one of our oldest dailies, it renews its youth and grows more vigorous and attractive as it advances in years."

DIED.

WILLSON—February 5th, 1898, at 11 P. M., SARAH ELIZABETH SHERWOOD WILLSON, wife of the late William Willson, in her 79th year.

Funeral from the residence of her son, J. E. Willson, 615 Princess street, at 3.30 P. M., Monday, February 7th.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HEADQUARTERS
—FOR—
Choice Fruit.
8,000 Oranges, 15 to 20c per doz.
65 Bunches Bananas, 10, 15 and 20c per dozen.
5,000 Cocoanuts, two for 5c.
Malaga Grapes,
Fine Basket Catawba Grapes,
Fine New York State Pears.
Wholesale Prices to Retailers.
PALACE BAKERY.
feb 5 tf

Save Money on Hardware
By visiting our Store and look-over our new stock in
Stoves and Up-To Date Kitchen Utensils,
on which you save at least 10 per cent. on the dollar in comparison to what you can buy them for elsewhere.
Our fine Agate and Blue and White Enamel ware Utensils are the Acme of perfection for cooking purposes.
OUR PENINSULAR STEEL RANGE
must be seen to be appreciated, and it will be a pleasure for us to show you their construction and management. A fine and varied line of Cooking and Heating Stoves constantly on hand at low down prices. Try us and we will convince you.
Our lines of general Hardware, Cutlery, Brass goods, &c., are complete in each department.
J. W. MURCHISON,
feb 6 tf * ORTON BUILDING.

Vollers & Hashagen.
WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR THE FAMOUS BRANDS OF 5 CENT CIGARS.
"Cuban Blossom,"
"Renown, Renown,"
"Cuban Blossom."
We are sole agents also for
"Stock's Best" Flour,
"Stock's Best" Flour.
Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.
Q. Q. Q. Q. Q. Q.
No Flour superior sold in any market in the United States.
Prices and samples cheerfully sent. feb 6 tf

Early Rose Seed Potatoes
100 Bags Early Rose Potatoes.
99 Bbls. Early Rose Potatoes.
75 Cases Table Peaches.
50 Cases Tomatoes.
95 Cases Celluloid Starch.
85 Cases Piel Lump Starch.
100 Cases A. Mendleson's Lye.
100 Cases "Star" Lye.
Meat, Lard, Flour, Sugar and Coffee
IN FACT
EVFRYTHING IN GROCERIES.
Ask us for quotations before purchasing.
ROBT. R. STONE & CO.
feb 4 tf

Corn, Hay, Oats.
1240 Bushels Corn.
300 Bales Hay.
740 Bushels Oats.
25 Bags Wheat Bran.
15 Barrels Vinegar.
140 Barrels Molasses.
75 Barrels Mullets.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
feb 6 tf Wilmington, N. C

OPERA HOUSE.
Monday, February 7th, And Entire Week.
70 People. 70 People.
SUSIE KIRWIN,
WILBUR OPERA COMPANY
AND LIVING PICTURES.
370 nights, New York; 6 weeks, Atlanta Houses crowded all the time.
Prices, 10, 20, 30, 50.
Opening Opera, "Said Pasha."
SEATS ON SALE. feb 4 tf

Mr. E. R. Hughes
Can be found with the undersigned, where he is ready at all times to give you as good a Shave as can be had, as well as a Hair Cut, or any thing else in our line. He is not from New York; but only from Baltimore, but he "gets there" all the same.
Respectfully,
A. PREMPERT,
feb 6 tf 11 South Front street.

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS ADMINISTRATOR of Mrs. Kate Brown, deceased, late of New Hanover county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 9th day of January, 1899, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

January 5, 1898.
JAMES W. SNEEDEN, Administrator,
jan 9 6w su with the Will annexed

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, FEB. 6, 1889

AS AN ENGLISHMAN SEES IT.

There are a good many objections to a high protective tariff, one of which is that it operates unequally and imposes the heaviest burdens on those who are least able to bear them. In proportion to value it taxes the imported goods consumed by those in good circumstances much less than it does the goods consumed by the people who earn their bread by their daily labor. The reason assigned for this, but an untruthful one, is that the classes of goods on which the lighter duties are imposed are not manufactured in this country to any considerable extent if at all, and therefore they do not come into competition with home made goods, for which reason our manufacturers do not need protection against them.

That this is a fraudulent reason is shown by the fact that the professed purpose of the protective tariff is not only to protect and foster the industries already established, but to encourage the establishment of new ones. It is not simply to take care of the "infants," but to multiply the infants.

It is claimed that this policy of protection has been highly successful in establishing and in increasing the number of industries in this country. There may be some truth in this, and doubtless is. If so then why would it not have some effect in building up manufactories for the production of the lines of goods which are now imported and pay but a small tax in proportion to value, because they do not compete with the classes of goods made in this country? If the rich or well-to-do must have these goods and the tariff duties were made so high as to discourage their importation, wouldn't this make it an inducement to establish manufactories for these lines of goods in this country? A good many people no doubt would continue to buy the imported goods whatever the tariff might be, but if they could get the same kind of an article at home for a less price of course they would buy that on the same principle that they now buy scores of articles made at home which they once bought from European manufacturers; but until they have manufactories at home to make the kinds of of goods they desire they will continue to buy the imported goods, and until the statesmen who make tariffs treat the goods of the rich in the same way they treat the goods of the poor, until they handicap the portation of the goods of the rich as they do the goods of the poor, manufacturers will be content with the the monopoly they have in the lines they now make and leave the others to the European manufacturers, with whom they would have to compete in the finer goods. If there be anything in protection at all it should apply to all lines of manufactures, especially to all lines that *can* be made in this country, although they may not now be made.

This injudicious discrimination in favor of the goods of the rich fails to encourage the establishment of manufactories for the production of such goods, which is one of the professed objects of the tariff, and it fails to bring in revenue to the Government which is another of the professed objects. Thus far it is neither a measure for protection nor for revenue. It doesn't hurt the European manufacturers of these kinds of goods for they find a market for them here among people who are compelled to buy them because they can't get what they want any other way, and the only effect therefore of the duty is to make American consumers pay more, the importer charging in proportion to the amount of duty he has to pay. How it works is shown by the following from an interview in Washington by one of the newspaper reporters with a representative of a London exporting house. Speaking of the Dingley tariff he said:

"The Dingley tariff has not hurt any English manufacturers in their sales of expensive and fine goods to customers in this country.

"There will always be a demand for superior lines of merchandise of every description from the old country. My house makes a specialty of fine arts, and our trade with the United States is very satisfactory. The firms that send over high-priced woollens are doing a splendid business. They make cloths so much better and finer than they can be produced in America, for climatic reasons, that men who will wear only the best clothing cannot be satisfied with anything that is not imported. There is no sort of a tariff law that your Congress can frame that will shut us out of your markets."

There are several points in this, one of which is that the tariff does not hurt the European manufacturers of fine woolen goods because they have a good market in this country being without competition in these lines. There is no doubt that they do make certain lines of superior quality for the reason, perhaps, that they take time and care in the manufacture of them. This may have more to do with it than climatic reasons. But the test has not been made to demonstrate the ability or inability of Americans to make equally as fine goods.

One of the main reasons assigned for asking a duty on wool was that it would restrict if not prevent the importation of wool and thus encourage the growing of fine wools in this country. Whether it restricts the importation of wools or not this Englishman insists that it does not materially affect the importation of fine wools woven into goods. There is truth in what he says, in this extract, and even more in the following remarks on tariffs in general:

"At the same time, if I were an American, having oniy the best interests of my whole country at heart, I would be for absolute free trade. It is true you pay your men better wages over here, but they are worth more. A Yankee operative or laborer outclasses an English or continental workingman to an extent that justifies the difference in compensation. But the protectiff policy does nothing for the laborer, and under it his wages will eventually go down. To the great mass of people it brings added cost for all the necessities of life and no corresponding benefit. You are too powerful a nation, too great in resources, to pursue such a coddling policy. Let down the bars by the abolition of your duties and straightway the gates of all countries will be opened to your traders, who are now clamoring against restricted markets."

"In the race for commercial supremacy, with free trade, America might easily beat the world. If any man challenges the statement, I point to free trade England, and it seems to me that, except to the most ignorant and prejudiced, there is need of no further argument. The protective policy is wasteful, for it gathers in large revenues which invite wasteful expenditure because of their method of collection. Did the United States have the direct system of taxation in vogue in England, do you suppose your pension budget would run to an annual amount exceeding the cost of Germany's standing army?"

We must have revenue from some source, a good deal of it. We can't get it in the way Great Britain gets hers. While there is need of so much revenue, we cannot even approximate free trade, but the nearer we get to free trade the better it will be for the people at large, who would then get cheaper goods, and for the manufacturers, who would gain more by the free entry they would have into the markets of the world than they would lose by making our market free to the world. Free trade ought to be the policy of all nations.

MINOR MENTION.

Mr. L. A. Coolidge, of Boston, who has given much study to the subject of cotton manufacturing in the South as compared with cotton manufacturing in the Nprth, insists that the South has, with others, an advantage in the matter of wages alone which cannot be overestimated, although some underestimate it, and others think that it will be but temporary, as operatives in the Southern mills will ere long demand higher wages, approximating if not equalling those paid in the New England mills. Mr. Coolidge, who has been investigating the wage question in the South, says the rate is on the average at least 30 per cent. lower than in New England. But as a matter of fact, considering the cost of living, steady work, &c., the Southern operative is really better off than the New England operative and, if thrifty, can save more money in the course of the year. He calls attention to instances in which families earn as much as twenty dollars a week, children as well as parents being employed. It frequently happens that mills have to employ the children old enough to be useful to secure the services of the parents, although as a rule they do not care to employ children. There is a disposition in some quarters to underrate the advantages in the South, but the fact that mill building goes right along in the South about twice as fast as it does in all the rest of the country put together is pretty good proof that Southern men with money to put into mills are pretty well satisfied with the advantages, which have been tested and demonstrated by the great increase in the number of mills in the South and the success the industry has met with. There are to-day in the South more than half as many mills as there were in the whole country in 1890. There were then in the country 905; there are now in the South 483. If it should become a contest for supremacy or existence between the mills of the South and of the North, then the mills of the North will have to go, for the mills of the South have the vantage ground and will hold it.

***

In some portions of the world there is a great prejudice against labor-saving machinery growing out of the belief that it makes less work for workmen and consequently harder times for them. This opinion is entertained by some people in this country. We read an article a short while ago by a writer whose name has escaped us, in which he attributed the business depressions in this country to the general use of machinery which takes the place of hand labor. This may be the effect when the machinery is first introduced but it is not continuous, for in time more people are employed directly or indirectly in the building of the machinery and in other industries which it creates, than are thrown out of employment by the introduction of the machinery. Mr. Horace G. Waldin, Chief of the Massachusetts Bureau of Statistics, who has been investigating this subject presents some interesting figures as the result of these investigations. He says that in 1850 the textile industry in the United States employed 146,897 persons; in 1890 the average had risen to 511,897. In 1890 the employes in the iron and steel industry numbered 77,555; in 1890, 175,506. In the shoe industry they numbered, in 1850, 105,254; in 1870, 159,097. The probabilities are that other industries employing labor-saving machinery would show similar increases. Instead of making it worse machinery is bettering the condition of the world and of its toilers.

We are not surprised that Mr. McKinley, Mr. Dingley and others of the yellow tinged statesmen should refer to the bond contracts as "legal technicalities." In times gone by when they found any particular clauses of the constitution in their way, they brushed them aside as "legal technicalities." When they want to do anything they let no written law nor technicality stand in their way.

When Miss Richardson, of Kentucky was cut out of the honor of christening the *Kentucky* she took it as philosophically as could be expected under the circumstances and concluded to get married. She is bound to have some excitement.

BOOK NOTICE.

The reader will find the February number of *Harper's Round Table* a very interesting number presenting a varied and entertaining list of contents nicely illustrated. Published by Harper and Brothers, New York.

An interesting and a delightful one to the young readers is the February number of *St. Nicholas*, which presents a fine list of contents beautifully illustrated. Much valuable information may also be gained from these stories so pleasantly told. Published by the Century Company. Union Square, New York.

The Ladies' Home Journal, for February, is an excellent number, filled with entertaining reading matter, and handsomely illustrated. There are numerous departments in this publication, every one of which is interesting and some very valuable. Address the Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia.

Godey's Magazine for February, is more than ordinarily interesting, and that is saying a good deal. It presents a fine and varied list of contents, and is handsomely and copiously illustrated, while the domestic and fashion departments will prove to be, as usual, an interesting feature for the ladies. Published by The Godey Company, Lafayette Place, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT

—— The report of the Auditor of the State of Iowa shows a deficit of nearly half half a million dollars. This, however, did not deter Gov. Shay from attending the Indianapolis monetary conference and telling the world how our country should be placed on a sound financial basis. —*Chicago News, Ind.*

—— It is a striking fact that our pension list costs us more annually than the standing army of every country except Russia, whose army costs $176,942,600. We pay in pensions more by $40,000,000 than Germany's army costs, and more by $30,000,000 than that of France costs. If we add to pensions the annual cost of our army of 25,000 men, our outgo equals that of Russia. Including all the items of our military establishment, we bear the heaviest military burden in the world.—*Baltimore Sun.*

—— The Anti-Baking Sunday law, approved May 27, 1897, has been declared inoperative by the Courts. It forbade doing more than six days work between Sunday afternoon at 6 o'clock and the succeeding Saturday afternoon at 6 o'clock. As to violate this law was an impossibility, the Court decided that no penalty could be enforced for what could not be done. And so another absurd statute goes thundering into the waste basket!—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

—— Massachusetts appears almost frantic in her efforts to secure legislation which will have the effect of overcoming the advantages which the South enjoys in cotton manufacturing. A memorial was sent to the Senate the other day praying Congress to put an internal revenue tax on all textile goods manufactured in any State where more than forty-eight hours of labor a week is required of the operatives. Congress will not do it of course. Why does not Mr. Dingley come to the point at once with a bill making it a felony to manufacture cotton goods in the South?—*Savannah News, Dem.*

EARLY SPRING TAILOR GOWN FROM HARPER'S BAZAR

ALREADY there are many of the new tailor gowns seen, and while they are not very markedly different in style from the gowns of last season, there is a certain something about them which marks them as being of a new fashion. One charming style is made with the skirt plain, of medium width, fitting to perfection, of course, with the fulness all at the back. The coat is on the blazer pattern, tight-fitting in the back, the front is turned back in revers and shows a braided waistcoat, which is fitted to the figure. The cut of this gown is furnished by a tissue-paper pattern issued by HARPER'S BAZAR, where it appears. The sleeves are of medium size, and the coat itself just a trifle longer than the coats of last season.

MOTHER HIS SWEETHEART.

FRANK L. STANTON.

"His mother's his sweetheart—the sweetest the best!"
So say the white roses he brings to my breast;
The roses that bloom when life's summers depart;
But his love is the sweetest rose over my heart!
The love that hath crowned me—
A necklace around me,
That closer to God and to Heaven hath bound me.

"His mother's his sweetheart!"
Through all the sad years
His love is the rainbow that shines through my tears;
My light in God's darkness, when with my dim eyes
I see not the stars in the storm of His skies.
When I bow 'neath the rod
And no rose decks the sod,
His love lights the pathway that leads me to God.

"His mother's his sweetheart." Shine bright for his feet,
O lamps on his pathway! and roses lean sweet
To the lips of my darling, and God grant His sun
And His stars to my dutiful, beautiful one!
For his love—it has crowned me—
A necklace around me,
And closer to Heaven and God hath bound me!

—*February Ladies' Home Journal.*

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— Let no day pass without personal secret communion with God.

— Begin each day by taking counsel from the world, if but one verse while you are dressing.

— Put away all bitter feelings and brooding over slights and wrong, no matter from whom received.

— Have on your heart some person or cause for which you are pleading God's blessing each day.

— How much better is the man who will rob in trade than the onewho will do it at the muzzle of a pistol?

— Judge thyself with the judgment of sincerity, and thou wilt judge others with the judgment of charity. —*J. Mason.*

— Neatness, when moderate, is a virtue; but when carried to an extreme it narrows the mind.—*The South West.*

— If parents are pained by unkind words of their children, let them reflect, and see if they are not reaping of their own sowing. Unkind words beget the same kind.

— Jesus was the greatest philanthropist that ever lived. Your Florence Nightingales and your John Howards are simply far off echoes of the Master, who never drew a breath for Himself.—*Montgomery.*

— Remove from the history of the past all those actions which have either sprung directly from the religious nature of man, or been modified by it, and you have the history of another world and another race.—*Mark Hopkins.*

— We may yield to temptation in an ungarded moment, and sin in this particular as any other, but, for all sin there is the same remedy. Kindness and gentleness are rare Christain graces. Let us cultivate these, and banish from our vocabulary unkind words.

Nervous people find relief by enriching their blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is the one true blood purifier and nerve tonic. †

— Red Springs *Citizen:* Mr. Jas. McLeod, a native of Laural Hill, Richmond county, died in Red Springs January 31st. at the residence of his nephew W. J. McLeod, Esq. He was born January 19th, 1819, and had entered upon his 80th year.

In a recent letter from Washington, D. C., to an old friend, Major G. A. Studer, for twenty years United States Consul at Singapore, says: "While at Des Moines I became acquainted with a liniment known as Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which I found excellent against rheumatism as well as against soreness of the throat and chest (giving me much easier breathing). I had a touch of pneumonia early this week, and two applications freely applied to the throat and chest relieved me at once. I would not be without it for anything." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA.

Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. Chas. H. Fletcher

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Windsor *Ledger:* Mr. Joseph J. Mizell died Sunday afternoon at his residence on Granville street. He had lately suffered a stroke of paralysis.

— Rockingham *Index:* Our farmers do not appear to be at all discouraged by 5 cent cotton but are making preparations for a new crop with as much zeal as ever.

— Winston *Journal:* Mr. Geo. N. Wilson, one of Forsyth county's oldest and most highly respected citizens, died Friday morning about 7 o'clock at his home near Kernersville, aged 90 years.

— Wilson *Times:* Last Wednesday John Kornegay, a native of this county, who was once empolyed at Mr. W. Corbett's still near here, had a difficulty over a settlement with the proprietor of the still at which he was working, in Nash county, and was shot and instantly killed.

— Rocky Mount *Argonaut:* It is hard to say just how our farmers intend to plant during the coming season. We do not think there will be much difference in the cotton acreage with probably a slight increase in the amount of tobacco planted.

— Greenville *Weekly:* For about forty years the Falkland post office has been in the Mayo family. During the war it was kept in Dr. Mayo's house. The postmastership had passed through Dr. Mayo, his brother, his son and his daughter's hands, the last being succeeeded by Mr. Parker, the present postmaster. For more than sixty years the Pactolus office had been in the Rollins family and the appointment of Mr. Mobley makes a change there.

— Carthage *Blade:* An 11-year-old colored boy named John White was killed near Glenn's Mills last Saturday in a rather unusual manner. Some colored boys were sawing logs on a steep hill-side, and a block was put on the lower side of the log to keep it from rolling down hill. The boy was playing on the log and displaced the block, and when the log began to move the boy held on, the log rolling over him several times. His neck was broken and the lower part of his body mashed into a jelly.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer:* Mr. J. W. McMurry died at his farm, six miles from town, Wednesday morning. He went out to his farm last Saturday to attend to some business, and was in his usual health when he left here, but was taken suddenly and violently ill late Tuesday afternoon. ——Chas. A. Traylor, the sharper who swindled the farmers of Union county out of $900, and who jumped his bond, was captured at Evansville, Ind., Monday. Sheriff Horne has gone to Indiana after him.

SILK AND TAILORS.

First Person Who Found the Value of the Little Worm.

The first person in all the world who raised silkworms for the purpose of robbing the cocoon of its soft covering was the Empress Si-Lung-Chee, who reigned in China 2700 B. C. She is now worshiped as goddess of the silkworm. Once each year a national festival is held in her honor. The reigning empress and her maidens resort to the temples of Si-Lung-Chee, and pay her in flowers and spirit money an installment upon the debt which China owes to her, for did she not make the important discovery whereby the poor may earn life's necessities and the rich may rustle in shining garments?

Perhaps more people wear silk in China than in any other country, for plain, raw silk is almost as inexpensive as cotton. Even for winter garments the material is made to serve, with layers of wadding placed between the outside and the lining. As their garments do not go out of style, it is not necessary to buy new ones until the old are well worn. This is a great item of saving for every one but the tailors, but if the people followed the example of the tailors themselves there would be still less for that craft to do. Like the feet of shoemakers' children, the Chinese tailors, while at their work, are as nearly bare as possible. When well fattened, their uncovered bodies suggest the animals which Americans inclose in a sty. The more like a well fed porker a Chinaman becomes the prouder is he of his looks, for a corpulent man is regarded by his almond eyed brethren as a high type of humanity.

In the tailor's workroom, which is frequently open on all sides, the passerby may see from five to ten men seated around a low, matting covered table. Each man is in undress uniform, consisting of his cue, a pair of slippers and pantaloons about 6 inches in length. They work both for shops and individuals, receiving about $5 a month, yet somehow they manage to keep fat.—Lippincott's Magazine.

In The Ibis for 1888 Mr. Gurney gave a list of 24 species of birds in which one or more instances of a female assuming male plumage had been recorded. Mr. Gurney now publishes an additional list of nine species, making 33 in all, besides some uncertain cases.

Pains of Rheumatism

Have Completely Disappeared Since Taking Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Rheumatism is due to acid in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla neutralizes this acid and permanently cures the aches and pains of rheumatism. Read the following:

"I was troubled with rheumatism when I was a small boy, and I have been a sufferer with it more or less all my life. Not long ago I took a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and it did me so much good I continued its use, and since taking three bottles I have felt no symptoms of rheumatism." R. B. BLALOCK, Durham, N. C.

"I was troubled with rheumatism and could hardly walk. I have taken three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and today am a well man." ROBERT JONES, 302 Macks St., Wilmington, North Carolina.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1; six for $5. Get Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the favorite cathartic. All druggists. 25c.

A Royal Romp.

In St. Nicholas there is an article on the "Girlhood Days of England's Queen," written by James Cassidy. Mr. Cassidy says:

On a road in Malvern named, out of compliment to her majesty, the Queen's road, there stood, and maybe now stands, a large house where the princess and the duchess staid for a time. The young lady was a "great romp and a rattle," we are assured by those who should know. Nor did she confine her exploits to the level ground. She liked to climb walls and trees. It is told that one day, while staying at Malvern, she climbed an apple tree. That was easy enough, but next came the harder task of descending. In vain she placed one small foot before the other; she dared not venture, though again and again she tried. So she did what, most likely, you would have done had you been in her sorry plight; she began to cry. Her cries drew to the spot a gardener named Davis, and he, fetching a ladder, soon brought her safely down from her dangerous position. For his trouble a reward of a guinea was given him, and this coin, the reward for rescuing the princess, may still be seen by the curious, neatly framed.

The air is so clear in the arctic regions that conversation can be carried on easily by persons two miles apart. It has also been asserted on good authority that at Gibraltar the human voice has been distinctly heard at a distance of ten miles.

Cleverness is serviceable for everything, sufficient for nothing.—Amiel.

Frank Sherwood was down town today, the first time since he had his tussle with cholera morbus. He says he drove thirty miles after he was taken, and never came so near dying in his life. After this, when he goes out in the country he will take a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy with him.—Missouri Valley (Iowa) Times. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

Household Goods.

The ancient Greeks believed that the Penates were the gods who attended to the welfare and prosperity of the family. They were worshipped as household gods in every home. The household god of to-day is Dr. King's New Discovery. For consumption, coughs, colds and for all affections of the Throat, Chest and Lungs it is invaluable. It has been tried for a quarter of a century and is guaranteed to cure, or money returned. No household should be without this good angel. It is pleasant to take and a safe and sure remedy for old and young. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. Regulation size 50c. and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6¾
Standard		@	7¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	7¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5¾	@	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¾
BARRELS-Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 20
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5'00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	44	@	45
Virginia Meal	44	@	45
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	20
Rio	18	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	1¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullet, ℔ barrel	2 50	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	5 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 75
Choice		@	4 75
Straight		@	5 00
First Patent	5 25	@	6 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	47½
Car load, in bags—White		@	46
Oats, from store		@	35
Oats, Rust Proof		@	40
Cow Peas		@	55
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	85
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	8	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	26
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	12	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	10 50
Rump		@	10 00
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool		@	60
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 126 ℔ Sacks		@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 50	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	5¾
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¼
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon-Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, February 5.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 32¾ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 32¼ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market opened firm at $1.15 per bbl for Strained and $1.20 for Good Strained. Sales later at $1.20 and $1.25.

TAR.—Market steady at 95 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1.40 per barrel for Hard, $1.90 for Dip and 1.90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—spirits turpentine steady, 26¼, 25¾c; rosin firm, $1.45, $1.50; tar steady, 90c; crude turpentine firm, $1.40, $1.90, $1.80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	201
Rosin	315
Tar	153
Crud Turpentine	41

Receipts same day last year.—52 casks spirits turpentine, 554 bbls rosin, 278 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 5¾c. per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	2 15-16 cts.	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4¼	" "
Low Middling	5 15-16	" "
Middling	5⅜	" "
Good Middling	5⅝	" "

Same day last year, middling 6¼c.

Receipts—391 bales; same day last year, 1,117.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina--Prime, 35@40c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy, 50d. Virginia—Extra Prime, 45c; Fancy, 50c.

CORN.—Firm; 47½@50 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 8 to 9c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per fhousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to $3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to $6.50.

TIMBER.—Market steady at $3.00 to $7.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 5.—Money on call easy at 1½@1¾ per cent., last loan 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange was steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485@485¼ for demand and 483@483¼ for sixty days. Posted rates were 483½ and 486. Commercial bills 482@482½. Silver certificates 56½@57½. Bar silver 56⅞. Mexican dollars 45⅜. Government bonds strong; U. S. new 4's, registered 128½; U.S. new 4's, coupon, 128½; U. S. 4's 113¼; U. S. 4's, coupon, 114⅝; U. S. 2's 100; U. S. 5's, registered, 113½; U. S. 5's, coupon, 113½. State bonds dull; North Carolina 6's 125; North Carolina 4's 104.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 5.—Rosin quiet; strained, common to good, $1 40@1 45. Spirits turpentine quiet; firm at 34@34½c.

CHARLESTON, February 5.—Spirits turpentine firm at 32c; no sales. Rosin firm; no sales; quotations unchanged.

SAVANNAH, GA., February 5.—Spirits turpentine was firm at 33¼c; sales — casks; receipts 75 casks. Rosin firm; sales 3,000 barrels; receipts 2,370 barrels; closing prices: A, B, C, D $1 30, E 1 35, F 1 40, G 1 50, H 1 65, I 1 70, K 1 80, M 1 85, N $1 95, W G, 2 05, W W 2,35.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—The cotton market opened firm, with prices four to six points higher on active covering of local shorts and buying by Southern representatives following reports of a decidedly better feeling in the English market. Liverpool futures advanced one-half point on active buying of spot cotton by continental spinners; sales of 8,000 bales at 1-32d advance were shown in public cables. At 11 o'clock the local market was fairly active and firm at a net gain of five to six points. Sales of 57,000 bales to that hour represented one of the most active markets in recent times. Advices from Southeru spot markets and New England print cloths centres was favorable and added to the general strength of the future list. Later in the morning there was another sharp rally on covering by shorts, followed by a partial reaction under selling by local longs, who were apprehensive of a decline Monday, with the market finally steady at a net advance of seven points. Total sales of futures 122,700 represented one of the largest markets in many weeks. Port receipts estimated for the day at 25,000 bales, against 28,101 last week and 14,243 last year. Port receipts estimated for the week at 200,000 bales, against 215,120 last week and 111,715 last year.

NEW YORK, February 5.—Cotton steady; middling 5 15-16c.

Cotton futures closed steady; sales of 122,700 bales; February 5.78c., March 5.82c., April 5.85c., May 5.89c., June 5.92c., July 5.95c., August 5.98c., September 5.98c., October 5.99c., November 6.01c.

Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 5 15-16c; middling gulf 6 3-16c; sales — bales.

Net receipts 650 bales; gross — bales; stock 177,289 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 37,277 bales; exports to Great Britain 22,547 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 8,687 bales; stock 1,257,084 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 6,769,763 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,308,274 bales; to France 618,834 bales; to the Continent 1,864,211 bales.

February 5.—Galveston, steady at 5½c, net receipts 5,631 bales; Norfolk, steady at 5½c, net receipts 790 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 5⅝c, net receipts — bales; Boston, dull at 5 15-16c, net receipts 297 bales; Wilmington, firm at 5⅝c., net receipts 391 bales; Philadelphia, firm at 6 3-16c, net receipts 445 bales; Savannah, steady at 5¼c, net receipts 5,371 bales; New Orleans, firm at 5 5-16c, net receipts 7,446 bales; Mobile, firm at 5 5-16c., net receipts 2,280 bales; Memphis, steady at 5 5-16c, net receipts 1,397 bales; Augusta, firm at 5 11-16c, net receipts 429 bales; Charleston, steady at 5¼c, net receipts 949 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 5.—Flour quiet and firmly held; city mill patents $5 65@5 90. Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red $1 03½; options opened easier on disappointing Liverpool cables, but afterwards recovered and closed unchanged to ½c net higher; No. 2 red February closed $1 02¼; May 95⅞c. Corn—Spot firm; No. 2 36¾c; options were quiet but firmer on some export inquiry and sympathy with wheat, closing ½c net higher; May closed 34½c. Oats—Spot strong; No. 2, 29¾c; options moderately active and firm on higher spot property, closing ½c net advance; May closed 29½c. Lard firm; Western steam $5 15; May $5 30, nominal. Pork firm. Butter firm; Western creamery 14½@20c; Elgins 20c. Cotton seed oil quiet but fairly steady without change; prime crude 18½@19c; butter oil 25@27c; prime winter yellow 27½@28½c. Petroleum dull; refined New York $5 40. Rice firm; domestic, fair to extra 4¾@5¾c. Spot Rio coffee steady; No. 7 invoice 6¾c. Sugar—raw firm; fair refining 3 9-16; powdered 5 9-16c; granulated 5¼c; cubes 5 7-16c.

CHICAGO, February 5.—After a dull and uninteresting session, wheat closed to-day at ¼c decline. Trade

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THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

A Miraculous Draft of Fishes.

The dwellers on the banks of the Neckar, near the good old German town of Heilbronn, had an experience the other day which must have reminded them of the miraculous draft of fishes. A few days ago, toward evening, the worthy Heilbronners perceived that the Neckar was toward both its banks one moving mass of all sorts and conditions of fish, thronging landward in seeming anxiety to be caught. Nor was this tacit appeal at all disregarded, for every man, woman and child of the vicinity ran out with pots and pans, with spades and rakes, and pails and baskets to help himself or herself to a share of fish. The explanation of the miracle, which perchance might prove a hint to fisher folk, was that the river had become so muddy after recent heavy rains that the fish found it difficult to breathe in the "thick" water and had approached the banks for more air.—Westminster Gazette.

Who can measure the influence of a

Mother!

It lasts through all ages and enters the confines of eternity. With what care, therefore, should she be guarded and how great the effort be to make her life happy.

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makes child-birth easy, assists nature in its sublime effort, leaves the Mother stronger after than before confinement, and robs the trying hour of its terror. No Mother can afford to neglect its use.

Of druggists at $1.00, or sent by express on receipt of price. Write for book containing valuable information for all Mothers, mailed free.

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He Might as Well Be.

They sat for some time in the parlor of her home and then started for a stroll in the moonlight.

After walking several blocks, during which time neither one had said much, the young woman suddenly stopped.

"You remind me of the Venus de Milo," she exclaimed.

Thinking he had at last made the desired impression he smiled and thanked her for the supposed compliment. It encouraged him, and he proposed on the spot, but his suit was coldly rejected.

On his return home he consulted an encyclopedia and was deeply chagrined to learn that the Venus de Milo was without arms.—Chicago Journal.

Hell and London.

On the covers of a popular tract I find the quotation, "Hell is a city much like London." If this were so, I would cheerfully accept a sentence which should doom me to hell and would play my part as a citizen to the best of my power, for it would be a city full of pathos and humor, where much that is bad is mingled with all that is lovable, where the very fiends who are represented as tormenting the lost are really engaged in works of mercy and brotherly love; a city, above all, where justice and straightforwardness and manly effort never fail to make their influences felt.—"Rich and Poor," by Mrs. Bosanquet.

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TRIAL WITHOUT EXPENSE.

The famous Appliance and Remedies of the Erie Medical Co. now for the first time offered on trial without expense to any honest man. Not a dollar to be paid in advance. Cure Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Manhood Fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Portions of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment. No C. O. D. or other scheme. A plain offer by a firm of high standing.

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you do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER is.

IT IS SOLD EVERYWHERE.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper

Best Time to Sleep.

In view of the many changes which have been rung on the early to bed, early to rise idea, the following opinion from an eminent medical authority ought to be of interest. He takes up the old statement that an hour before midnight is worth two hours after and gives his opinion as follows: "I had an opportunity to make some study of this subject in my naval service during the late war. On shipboard, as is undoubtedly known to most of you, the ship's company—officers and men alike—stand four hour watches day and night, and to get the required amount of rest are obliged to get their sleep irregularly. To so arrange it that the same man shall not be obliged to take early or late watches continually, the 'dog watch' of two hours is interpolated, thus adding to the irregularity. In watching the results for over two years I could never discover that the watch, officers and men, were not as fully refreshed by their sleep as were the medical and pay officers, who stand no watch and have hours as regular as those of any householder." It seems to make but little difference to those who have given careful attention to this subject whether people sleep at one time or another, so that they get a sufficient amount of sleep.—New York Ledger.

Telling Their Ages In Missouri.

Nice Gentleman—How old are you, little boy? And how old is your brother?

Swipsey—We're craps.

N. G.—Craps?

Swipsey—Yes. Jim's seven and I'm 'leven.—Kansas City Star.

INCONSISTENCY.

She loved a youthful minister;
Her smiling rose lips told him so,
Until they sent him forth to preach
At Lonesome Gulch in Idaho.

Then all the fervor of her soul
Subsided, and she would not go.
What! Waste her life in howling wilds
Consorting with the squaw of Lo?

He went—alone. And now she's pledged
Again to young Lieutenant Grow,
Who dates his letters, "Fort Remote,"
At Lonesome Gulch in Idaho!
—Paul Pastnor in Brooklyn Life.

THE SUPERNATURAL.

Contact With It Brings Out a Peculiar Kind of Fear.

We wish the Psychical society would one day attempt an analysis of what, for want of a better word, we must call the dread of the supernatural. Both those who believe and those who disbelieve in the notion that the veil between this world and the other is capable of being lifted agree in one thing. They all recognize the fact that most people fear, or something akin to fear, what they believe to be the occurrence of supernatural phenomena. There is here, therefore, a piece of ground which may be explored without any begging of the question as to whether the fear is caused by real ghosts or by trickery, by rats and water pipes or by genuine glimpses of the people of another world. One would like to know whether the fear felt is akin to that experienced when a man is frightened by a runaway horse or a fire or any other imminent risk of life, or whether it is something different in kind.

Speaking broadly and without any minute consideration of the facts, one would say that ghost fright did differ in kind from the fright which comes from active danger. Most people have, we imagine, at some time or other in their lives experienced that eerie, uncanny, creepy feeling which is associated with the possibility of contact with the supernatural. Yet few would declare that it was in any sense connected with the dread of loss of life or limb. The man or woman who wakes up in the middle of the night and hears strange noises—thumps, raps, clangs and creakings—or sees lights or feels the touch of unseen hands is probably very frightened, but the sense of bodily fear is not present. There is no dread of being killed. People in the agony of terror caused by dangerous accidents constantly call out that they are going to be killed, but we doubt if that is ever the case in the fright caused by haunted houses. Possibly this difference may be said to be due to the fact that the dread of the supernatural is not nearly so acute as that caused by the imminent risk of death. People, it may be argued, only imagine themselves to be frightened of ghosts, as women pretend to be frightened of mice. In neither case is the fright quite genuine. It is only want of self control and could be mastered in an instant if the will power were in proper order.

Unfortunately for those who argue thus there is plenty of evidence to show that occasionally the dread of the supernatural produces very serious results. On the whole, we should say that more people had been frightened out of their wits by what they believed to be supernatural phenomena than by accidents involving great risk of life. It is not often that one hears of insanity caused even by the prolonged agony of shipwreck. The fear caused by what is supposed to be a supernatural agency seems, then, to have in it some element not found in ordinary fear. If the haunting phenomena cause fear, they seem to give a shock of special keenness.—London Spectator.

NAMES IN JERSEY.

SOME OF THE TOWNS THAT MAY BE FOUND IN EVERY ATLAS.

Picturesque Nomenclature That Is Original and Fresh From the Soil—A Native Jerseyman's Explanations of Some of the Appellations.

"Other states may be bigger and richer and turn in a heavier vote," said the man with the woodbine whiskers twining gently about his face, "but for picturesqueness of nomenclature New Jersey takes the gold medal."

"You're from Jersey, sir, I suppose," said the man who had just come in from the smoking car.

"I am, sir, and I'm proud of it. I come in on this train every day to business in the city, and in my leisure moments I make a study of the geography of my native state. I may say, sir—I think I may say with confidence—that few men are so well informed as I upon this interesting subject of New Jersey's geographical nomenclature. You observe, sir, that I say New Jersey, not Jersey, which is an undignified beheading of a noble title."

"Possibly it is because I'm a New Yorker," said the man across the aisle, "but I have always thought New York to be pretty strong on interesting names."

"A great error, sir," declared he of the whiskers. "A very great error. Your names are mainly corrupted Indian titles or direct cribs from ancient days—Ithaca, Marathon, Utica, Homer, Virgil, Syracuse, Sempronius, Moravia, Rome, Cato, Palmyra and a score of others. You have borrowed the glories that should have been buried with Greece and Rome. Our titles, sir, are dug up from the soil and replete with meaning. Let me cite some."

Here he pulled a small notebook from his pocket, and the other man, with regretful politeness, said he would be glad to learn something on the subject.

"Consider, sir," continued the Jerseyite, "the appropriateness of such names as Ragtown, Breakfast Point, Camp Gaw, Polifly, Radix, Pluckemin, Pocktown, Tillietudelum and Succasuna."

"Some of them sound familiar," said the New Yorker, "but are all of those real names?"

"Every one of 'em on the map, sir," replied the other warmly. "I'll give you $100 for any one of those that isn't a real place, and they fairly reek of the soil. Now, here's another batch—Bone Hill, Wickatunk, Bamber, Atco, Wollyfield, Blue Anchor, Blazing Star, Hockamick, Jahokeyville, Oney's Hat, Kalarama, Flyat, Flickerville, Zingsem, Wakeake and Batsto."

"They sound as if they were taken from Jabberwocky," remarked the New Yorker. "They're utter nonsense."

"Taken straight from the countryside," averred the geographer. "They may not be very strong on sense. Those names I cite merely as instances of pure beauty of sound. If you're looking for meaning, I can give that to you. For instance, there are Barley Sheaf and Wheat Sheaf, poetically suggestive of the agricultural riches of our beautiful state. Our domestic animals are commemorated in such fitting titles as Goosetown, Hensfoot, Hogtown, Monkeytown, Horseneck and Peacocktown, while for other animals there are Skunktown, Pole Tavern, which used to be Polecat Tavern; Postertown (if a poster ain't a wild animal I don't know what is), Snake Hill, Turtletown, Frogtown, and I don't know but what Batsto ought to come in there. The frogs get another show at Manunka Chunk, which is the name they gave it themselves, singing of nights out in the swamps.

"Now, for the temperance folk there are blazing signs of warning in such names as Whisky Lane, Gin Point, Jugtown and Bum Tavern. There used to be an innkeeper in the latter place, by the way, who sued the authorities once a year for maintaining such a title and always compromised for 5 cents, with which he bought himself a drink and was well satisfied. One year the authorities started in to fight the case and the innkeeper in disgust quit the business and Bum Tavern simultaneously. A place with a suggestive title is Naughright, which got its name from a large farm owner's sign, nailed on a tree at the roadside, 'No right of way here.' They got calling him Old No Right, and when the village sprung up they called it after him, but a man who had spelling reform the wrong way made it as it now stands. Speaking of spelling, there's one village you can spell either Packnack, Pacquanac, Pequanac or Pequannock, but you can't pronounce it as the natives do, no matter which way you choose.

"There are some names more suggestive than beautiful—Scrabbletown, Scrapetown, Slabtown, Samptown and Solitude, for instance. Some belie their names, like Recklesstown, which is as peaceful as a graveyard and in the same general line of business, keeping its inhabitants buried far from the cares of this busy world. Then there's Roundabout, which is a plain four corners crossing, and Small Lots, with nothing but wide stretches of countryside. As for Pellettville, I've heard that there isn't a drug store there, but I can't swear as to that, not having been there for many years."

"Look here," put in the New Yorker. "I believe you're the man who writes the suburban stories in the comic papers and you're practicing names on me."

"You do me great injustice!" cried the geographer. "Every name has its local habitation, and you can find them all in the atlases. Next you'll be caviling at such well known places as Snufftown, Ringoes, Rustic, Absecon, Hackle Barney, Soho, Bachville, Rural Place, Sodom, Blue Ball, Allamuchy, Totowa, Buckshutem, Duty Neck, Warbass and Smith's Turn Out."

The New Yorker rubbed his nose and said nothing.—New York Sun.

Medical Students.

The ratio of medical students to the population in this country is about twice as great as it is in Europe. The reason of this curious difference is found in the greater ease with which a diploma can be obtained in the United States, the medical schools of Europe requiring much more complete previous preparation and compelling the students to undergo a longer course of study before he is eligible to a degree.

A Brave Man.

Nicolas, Chevalier d'Assas, a French captain in the Auvergne regiment, born at Vigan in the Languedoc, while making a reconnoissance during the night of Oct. 15, 1760, at Klostercamp in Westphalia, met a column of the enemy which was advancing in silence to surprise the French army. He was ordered to keep silent or else they would kill him. D'Assas at once cried out, "A moi Auvergne—the enemy is here!" He was killed on the spot.—Bouillet's Dictionary of History.

In Austria the man who loses both his hands in an accident can claim the whole of his life insurance money, on the ground that he has lost the means of maintaining himself. Loss of the right hand reduces the claim from 70 to 80 per cent of the total.

A Californian claims to have invented a new machine which launders collars and cuffs without producing a saw edge.

THE FUNCTION OF ETHER.

Without It There Would Be No Light, Radiant Heat or Magnetism.

"Whatever difficulties we may have in forming a consistent idea of the constitution of the ether, there can be no doubt that the interplanetary and interstellar spaces are not empty, but are occupied by a material substance or body which is certainly the largest and probably the most uniform body of which we have any knowledge."

Such was the verdict pronounced some 20 years ago by James Clerk Maxwell, one of the very greatest of nineteenth century physicists, regarding the existence of an all pervading plenum in the universe in which every particle of tangible matter is immersed. And this verdict may be said to express the attitude of the entire philosophical world of our day. Without exception the authoritative physicists of our time accept this plenum as a verity and reason about it with something of the same confidence they manifest in speaking of "ponderable" matter or of energy. It is true there are those among them who are disposed to deny that this all pervading plenum merits the name of matter, but that it is a something, and a vastly important something at that, all are agreed. Without it, they allege, we should know nothing of light, of radiant heat, of electricity or magnetism. Without it there would probably be no such thing as gravitation—nay, they even hint that without this strange something, ether, there would be no such thing as matter in the universe. If these contentions of the modern physicist are justified, then this intangible ether is incomparably the most important as well as the "largest and most uniform substance or body" in the universe. Its discovery may well be looked upon as the most important feat of our century. —Henry Smith Williams, M. D., in Harper's Magazine.

A Good Story of Sheridan.

Sheridan once had occasion to call at a hairdresser's to order a wig. On being measured, the barber, who was a liberal soul, invited the orator to take some refreshment in an inner room. Here he regaled him with a bottle of port and showed so much hospitality that Sheridan's heart was touched.

When they rose from the table and were about separating, the latter, looking the barber full in the face, said, "On reflecting, I don't intend that you shall make my wig."

Astonished and with a blank visage, the other exclaimed: "Good heavens, Mr. Sheridan! How can I have displeased you?"

"Why, look you," said Sheridan, "you are an honest fellow, and, I repeat it, you shan't make my wig, for I never intended to pay for it. I'll go to another less worthy son of the craft." —Liverpool Mercury.

Spoiled Pleasure.

Mrs. Meyer—What's the trouble, Mrs. Schulz? You are in bad humor this morning.

Mrs. Schulz—You see, my husband staid at the club every night last week until after midnight. Last night I sat up, determined to give him a curtain lecture, when he got in late. And what do you think? The fool came home at 9 o'clock.—Fliegende Blatter.

Apoplexy has increased in England in a very remarkable degree since 1850. In the 16 years ending with 1866 there were 457 deaths from apoplexy per 1,000,000 inhabitants. Last year the ratio was 577 per 1,000,000.

The eruption of Etna has entirely destroyed the chestnut woods on the mountain slopes, the trees being devastated by the lava.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Always Proves Effectual.

There are no better medicines on the market than Chamberlain's. We have used the Cough Remedy when all others failed, and in every instance it proved effectual. Almost daily we hear the virtues of Chamberlain's remedies extolled by those who have used them. This is not an empty puff, paid for at so much a line, but is voluntarily given in good faith, in the hope that suffering humanity may try these remedies and, like the writer, be benefitted.—From the Glenville (W. Va.) Pathfinder. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist.

Something to Know.

It may be worth something to know that the very best medicine for restoring the tired out and nervous system to a healthy vigor is Electric Bitters. This medicine is purely vegetable, acts by giving tone to the nerve centres in the stomach, gently stimulates the Liver and Kidneys, and aids those organs in throwing off impurities in the blood. Electric Bitters improves the appetite, aids digestion, and is pronounced by those who have tried it as the very best blood purifier and nerve tonic. Try it. Sold for 50c. or $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It sothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and tak no other.

Some send to Cammeyer's, others send else where for what they need in SHOES, while all can save themselves money by buying at home. We have Val. Duttenhofer & Son's Ladies' Shoes at the uniform price of $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00. This line is unexcelled. We carry Mundell's Children Shoes at $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50; besides many cheaper grades in all kinds. We sell a splendid line of Gent's Shoes also. We invite you to inspect our stock and WEAR OUR SHOES.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.

63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess streets. jan 22 tf

LET US BOOK YOUR ORDERS FOR

Seed Potatoes,

Houlton Rose and Early Ohios.

Genuine stock. Now in transit. Get our prices before buying.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Wholesale Grocer, Nut and Mulberry streets. jan 18 tf

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. is on every wrapper

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

"THE PEACE MAKERS"

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America.

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

Nine rich men in North Carolina out of every ten commenced life poor They became rich by spending less than they made. No one gets rich who does not spend less than he makes Any one will get rich who continually spends less than he makes. Every young man of ordinary ability in Wilmington can and should save something each month. The man who will not save a portion of a small salary will not save a portion of a large salary. The boy who saves something every month will be promoted before the boy who spends all he makes. True manhood is required in order to deny one's self and save. It is weakness and folly to spend all, regardless of the "rainy day."

Industry, economy and integrity cause prosperity—not "Luck" or "Good Fortune."

For reasonable interest and absolute security, deposit your savings in

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company.

FRESH FROM THE PLAINS

the pasture or the stall, the cattle which furnish our supply of meats—this applies to mutton and everything else in our stock as well—are well conditioned, healthy and properly fattened. It goes without saying, then, that you get only good meats here.

I. B. RHODES.

jan 22 tf Front Street Market.

THE WORTH COMPANY

SUCCESSORS TO

WORTH & WORTH,

Wholesale Grocers, Factors

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Commence business this day and assure their friends and customers of a continuance of the same business principles and policy which characterized their predecessors. All business entrusted to us will have our careful attention. feb 1 tf

Vaccination Shields

10c and 25c.

SOME ON HAND AND SOME TO COME.

Vaseline 5c and 10c

Per Bottle. Also, in one-half, one pound and five pound cans

Witch Hazel Extract,

The best made, and cheap by the quart or gallon.

These are the things needed for sore and swollen arms.

J. Hicks Bunting,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist, Y. M. C. A. Building.

N. B.—OPEN ALL DAY. jan 30 tf

CUT PRICES

At The Unlucky Corner

—ON—

FINE MIXED NUTS AND KERN SOAP.

N. B.—A special invoice of small Hams from 3½ to 6 lbs. in weight.

S. W. SANDERS.

jan 20 tf

WANTED

IMMEDIATE SHIPMENTS OF

Coon, O'Possum, Fox, Mink, Otter and Other Fur.

Highest Cash Prices Paid for Same

No Commission or Freight charged.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

de 18 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, feb 1 tf Druggist.

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

If It's Worth Printing the Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal Will Print It.

And Every Democrat, Every Republican, Every Man, Woman or Child who can read will want to read it.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL is a Democratic paper, of six or eight pages, issued Wednesday and Saturday of each week. The Wednesday issue prints all the Clean News, and the Saturday issue prints Stories, Miscellany, Poetry, all matters of special interest in the home. It is edited by Henry Watterson.

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Daily Courier-Journal, 1 year...$6.00
Daily and Sunday, 1 year.....8.00
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jan 1 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.

To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 40	Goldsboro.....	11 05	.....
.....	4 32	Kinston.....	10 12	.....
5 35	5 45	Newbern.....	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City..	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

FRANK H. STEDMAN,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

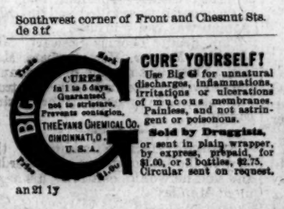
Fire AND Tornado Insurance

YOUR BUSINESS IS SOLICITED AND

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

OFFICE AT

Southwest corner of Front and Chesnut Sts. de 3 tf



CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

an 21 1y

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule in Effect January 17, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.02 A. M., Warsaw 11.15 A. M., Goldsboro 12.05 A. M., Wilson 12.55 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.40 P. M., Tarboro 2.45 P. M., Weldon 4.33 P. M., Petersburg 6.22 P. M., Richmond 7.15 P. M., Norfolk 6.05 P. M., Washington 11.30 P.M. Baltimore 1.06 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 8.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.15 P. M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.55 P. M., Warsaw 9.10 P. M., Goldsboro 10.10 P. M., Wilson 11.06 P. M., †Tarboro 6.45 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.57 P. M., Weldon 1.42 A. M., †Norfolk 10.30 A. M., Petersburg 3.14 A. M., Richmond 4.00 A. M., Washington 7.41 A. M., Baltimore 9.03 A. M., Philadelphia 11.25 A. M., New York 2.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 4.00 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 5.09 P. M., Chadbourn 5.41 P. M., Marion 6.43 P. M., Florence 7.25 P. M., Sumter 9.10 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.12 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.25 P. M., Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 5.25 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.08 P. M., *New York 9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 8.40 A. M., Weldon 11.53 A. M., Tarboro 12.12 P. M., Rocky Mount 12.47 P. M., Wilson 2.37 P. M., Goldsboro 3.20 P. M., Warsaw 4.11 P. M., Magnolia 4.34 P. M.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.01 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.22 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.53 A. M. Magnolia 8.05 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.28 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.20 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.27 P. M., Jacksonville 7.40 P. M., Savannah 1 45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Columbia 6.00 A. M., Atlanta 8.20 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.25 P. M., Sumter 8.08 A. M., Florence 9.58 A. M., Marion 10.36 A. M., Chadbourn 11.33 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 1209. P. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.30 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.20 P. M., Greenville 6.57 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. M., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.10 A. M.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8.30 A. M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrive Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 P. M.; arrives Nashville 5.05 P. M., Spring Hope 5.30 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 A. M., Nashville 8.35 A. M.; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 A. M., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, Daily except Sunday, at 11.20 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M and 3.00 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.09 A. M.; arrive Latta 10.25 A. M., Dillon 10.38 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.13 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.26 P. M., Latta 6.40 P. M., Pee Dee 7.10 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.43 A. M.; arrive Conway 2.03 P. M.; leave Conway 2.45 P. M., Chadbourn 5.45 P. M.; arrive Hub 6.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6.27 P. M., Manning 6.58 P. M.; arrive Lane's 7.36 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.39 A. M., Manning 9.08 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.37 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.50 A. M., 7.55 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.14 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3 P. M. arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M., 5.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.55 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.38 A. M., Cheraw 11.40 A. M., Wadesboro 2.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8.00 P. M.; arrive Darlington 8.25 P. M., Hartsville 9.21 P. M., Bennettsville 9.21 P. M., Gibson 9.45 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only at 9.55 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.27 A. M., Hartsville 11.10 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except sunday at 6.35 A. M., Bennettsville 6.59 A. M., arrive Darlington 7.50 A. M. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday at 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 7.45 A. M.; leave Darlington 8.55 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.20 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 5.15 P. M., Darlington 6.20 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Hartsville Sunday only at 8.18 A. M., Darlington 9.00 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.20 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.20 P. M., 11.16 P. M.; arrive Selma 3.15 P. M., Smithfield 3.22 P. M., Dunn 4.00 P. M., Fayetteville 4.47 P. M., 1.14 A. M., Rowland 6.13 P. M.; returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.18 P. M., 10.15 P. M., Dunn 1.01 P. M., Smithfield 1.39 P. M., Selma 1.47 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.33 P. M., 12.09 A. M.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4.29 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M.; arrive Denmark 6.12 A. M. Returning leave Denmark 4.25 P. M., Creston 5.30 P. M., Sumter 6.25 P. M. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5.45 A. M.; arrive Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A. M.; arrives Creston 3.50 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11.10 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.; arrive Lucknow 1.00 P. M. and 8.30 P. M. Returning leave Lucknow 6.05 A. M. and 2.00 P. M.; arrive Elliot 3.25 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager. de 18 tf

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EVERY DAY IN THE WEEK.

First-Class EquiPment

In Every Branch.

Hacks and Baggage Line to and From All Trains.

HORSES BOARDED.

Furniture Wagons with Careful Drivers.

S. P. COWAN & CO.,

Second between Princess and Chesnut Streets Telephones, both companies No. 15. jan 1 tf

For Rent.

HOUSE ON NINTH BETWEEN Church and Castle streets. Four rooms, water and good yard room in rear

D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent.

an 11 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L.

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect May 30, 1897.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:26 P. M., Pembroke 5:46 P. M., Maxton 6:19 P. M., Laurinburg 6:38 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with train 41 for Charlotte and Atlanta, and with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, washington and points North.

Train 4.—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:41 A. M., Raleigh 3:30 P. M., Sanford 5:08 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M., Rockingham 7:39 P. M., Wadesboro 8:11 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., Athens 3:45 A. M., and Atlanta 6:20 A. M. Connection at Weldon with train from Richmond and all Northern points, Pullman sleeper, Portsmouth to Nashville, Tenn.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:10 P. M., Richmond 8:56 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M. Arrives Weldon 11:10 P. M., Raleigh 2.07 A. M., Sanford 3:35 A. M., Hamlet 5:10 A. M.,

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING FEB. 6, 1898

TREASURY CASH SHORT.

It Took a Large Force of Counters Five Months to Make the Discovery.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 5.—A recount of the treasury cash which was completed late this afternoon disclosed a shortage of $859. The recount was made necessary by the appointment in June of Mr. Ellis H. Roberts as United States treasurer in place of Mr. D N. Morgan, and was begun on July 1st. Since that time about $797,000,000 in cash has been counted. No errors or shortages of importance were discovered until the treasury committee had begun work in the silver vault No. I, in which there were $103,653,000 standard dollars. A colored man named Martin, employed as a laborer was one day discovered in the coal and wood basement under suspicious circumstances and a search resulted in the finding of a number of silver dollars which, presumably, he had subtracted from some of the bags. Martin was arrested and made a confession, admitting that he had taken twenty-eight dollars, for which he substituted lead. The court imposed a fine of $50 and Martin was released. This admission cast suspicion on the contents of the entire vault, and a count by handling every piece was ordered. On September 10th, twenty-eight expert counters and a force of laborers and verifiers, under the direction of Mr G. D. Bunce, assistant cashier, began the work of counting the contents of the vault. The time employed, therefore, was nearly five months, the counters working eight hours each day. The shortage of $859 will be made good by Mr. Morgan, the retiring treasurer. It is possible, however, as has been done in similar cases, that Congress will make an appropriation in Morgan's favor, covering the amount.

SPAIN'S TORPEDO BOATS.

No Significance Attached to the Sending of a Merchant Ship With the Flotilla.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTOM, February 4.—At the Spanish legation no significance is attached to the sending of a merchant ship along with the torpedo flotilla which is about to cross the Atlantic. It is said at the legation that the sending of the torpedo boats has been contemplated for a long time and has been repeatedly announced through the press. They are, however, small craft to undertake the hardship of an ocean voyage and it is essential that they be accompanied by a larger vessel to serve as a transport for extra supplies, particularly coal, which the tiny craft cannot carry in sufficient quantities for a long voyage. The merchant vessel will serve merely as a transport. She belongs to a merchant company having a large number of ships, so that one of them can be readily spared for this service. All of these ships belong to the auxiliary navy and are subject to call at any time. The one now being brought into service is a small affair, by no means formidable, and useful mainly for carrying supplies.

KENTUCKY'S LEGISLATURE,

The House Will Reiterate Its Appeal to Senator Lindsay to Resign.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CINCINNATI, O., February 5.—A special to the *Commercial Tribune*, from Frankfort, Ky., says: The majority of the House signified its intention to-day to continue its appeal to Senator Lindsay to resign. The Senator's response to the legislative request for his resignation, delivered in the Senate at Washington yesterday, was read with interest by members of both houses. Mr. Meyers, Republican, of Greenup, in the early morning preliminaries of the House, said that body had suspended proceedings last week to have read a newspaper article attacking Senator Lindsay, and in view of this he now moved that Senator Lindsay's response to the resolution requesting his resignation should be made a part of the journal. There were cries of "No," from the Democratic side, and Speaker Beckham ruled the motion out of order.

A BOSTON FIRE.

Five-Story Building Burned—Six Firemen Killed and Four Others Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, MASS., February 5.—Six firemen, including a district chief, a captain and a lieutenant, were killed at a fire here this morning, which burned out the interior of a five-story building on Merrimac street, occupied by G. W. Bent & Co., manufacturers of beds, bedding, etc. The dead are Jno. F. Egan, district chief; James Victory, captain; Geo. J. Gotwald, lieutenant; Patrick H. Disken and W. J. Walsh, hosemen; Jno. J. Mulhern, fireman.

Four other firemen were buried in the ruins, but they escaped with more or less serious injuries.

TO WORK TOGETHER.

Populists and Silver Republicans in Congress Make an Agreement.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 5.—The Populists and Silver Republicans held a conference last evening which was generally attended by members of these parties in both houses of Congress. After a discussion of the present situation in politics, it was determined that the two parties, while maintaining separate organizations, would work together in the coming campaign and endeavor to avoid nominations which would conflict. Both organizations will endeavor also to work with the Democrats, in order that a solid combination of all organizations may be made against the Republicans.

PASSED THE HOUSE.

Bill Making Appropriations for Fortifications and Coast Defences.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, February 5.—The House to-day, during its entire session, had under consideration the bill making appropriations for fortifications and coast defences. Little interest seemed to be manifested in the proceedings, less than one-half of the members being present during the session. The bill was passed, carrying $4,144,912, against $9,517,151 last year.

EUROPE AND THE FAR EAST.

Great Britain Will Not Recede from the Position Taken by Marquis of Salisbury.

NO ALLIANCE WITH JAPAN.

Tariff Talk—The Cavendish Expedition to the Upper Nile—Fashion Notes—Germany's Prohibition of American Products.

[Copyrighted 1898 by the Associated Press.]

LONDON, February 5.—It is probable that but little further reliable information regarding China will be obtainable until the ministers have a chance to round on their assailants during the course of the debate in Parliament on the address in reply to the speech from the throne.

The whole Ta-Lien-Wan story never received a shadow of official sanction. As cabled to the Associated Press on Thursday last, Great Britain has never demanded that Ta-Lien-Wan be made a treaty port. It was merely one of the suggested constituents of the bargain, and if it should be withdrawn it can only be because it is a barrier to the negotiations for the loan. The object of the condition was to checkmate any scheme for the transformation of Port Arthur into a closed Russian port and the object was equally secured by exacting from China and Russia together a pledge in regard to Port Arthur similar to the pledge exacted from them in regard to Corea, before the evacuation of Port Hamilton, and this will probably be the upshot. The semi-official statements distinctly point thereto, notably the specific assurance early in the week in regard to the Russian tenure of Port Arthur, which was accompanied by the friendly assurance that Great Britain is not bound to Japan by any warlike alliance. In short, there is every reason to believe that Great Britain does not intend to recede an inch from the position which has been officially taken up by Messrs. Balfour, Chamberlain and Hicks-Beach, in the name of the Marquis of Salisbury.

In the course of an interesting address at Bradford. before the Chamber of Commerce of that place, on Thursday last, the United States Consul, Erastus S. Day, applauded the Marquis of Salisbury's doctrine of free trade in China. He said that America had every sympathy with it, and that the people of Great Britain and the United States ought to lead in shaping the world's thought and action. He said they had the opportunity to achieve great things; would they unite to achieve lasting benefits to themselves and to the world?

Speaking of the tariff, Mr. Day said the overwhelming preponderance of sentiment in the United States was in favor of the protective theory. The Wilson bill, he added, had sickened the people of the "tariff for revenue only" theory, and it would not be wise for the manufacturers of Bradford to hope for the speedy enactment of another Wilson bill, "which closed too many mills in the United States to be retried."

The Cavendish expedition which is about to leave London is one of the most striking examples of how young and wealthy Englishmen, with a fondness for sport and exploration, combine the taste with empire-making. Henry Cavendish a relative of the Duke of Devonshire, has already spent $300,000 in preparations for the expedition. Although nominally private, its aims are on the Upper Nile, where the French are supposed to be operating, and are well known to high government officials. As a matter of fact, the route adopted was suggested by the chiefs of the intelligence department of the war office, and the foreign office had the scheme under consideration for some weeks. The force which will accompany Mr. Cavendish will be better armed than any body of men which has ever entered Africa. It will take with it 350,000 rounds of ammunition and a number of seven-pounder Maxim rapid-fire guns. It will be well provided against all surprises. Cavendish expects to reach the Upper Nile in three or four months and may continue to Khartoum after the Dervishes have been beaten.

Lady Violet Greville, whose types on the fashions are always accepted as gospel, writes from Paris, saying that velvet will reign supreme this Spring in the fashionable world. She says: "Velvetine in every style, shape and color, black, corn flower-blue, sapphire, silver grey shot with gold and a host of other startling shades."

German Tariff Retaliation.

BERLIN, February 5.—The freedom which the Reichstag and the German Diet conceded this week to the agrarians who formulated numerous wishes and complaints is significant. The Minister of Agriculture, Baron von Hammerstein-Loxten, promised the Government would grant as many of their demands as possible. At the moment he was making this declaration measures were preparing to stop the imports of American fruit and the decree in that connection had already been issued. The entire Liberal press openly disapproves of the policy, and asserts it was a Government trick to obtain the vote of the Agrarians for Emperor William's naval bill. The leading commercial journals point to the ill-will and indignation such measures are bound to produce in America, and to the futility of prohibiting the importation of an article Germany does not produce with sufficiency. The newspapers claim the only result will be that fruit will be imported from the south of Europe at a higher cost than is now being paid for American fruit. Several of the newspapers express the opinion that the decree will not be permanent, and that it was only intended as a temporary act of retaliation for American treatment of German sugar. Inquiry made at the foreign office and at the Prussian department, however, shows the steps taken to be only forerunners of others of more importance, the Government having concluded that something must be done to gratify the agrarian demand for retaliation on the United States. There was an exemplification in the Reichstag on Tuesday, when Dr. Hahn, a friend of Prince Bismarck, demanded the prohibition of American horses, claiming the imports had increased in 1897 to 4,279,000 marks, and that something must be done "to show these overbearing Americans that an energetic German Government exists." The views of the Prussian cabinet are gaugeable by the declaration made yesterday by the Minister of Agriculture, Baron von Hammerstein-Loxten, in the Diet, who declared that American horses developed influenza after importation.

GOOD TIMES have come to those whom Hood's Sarsaparilla has cured of scrofula, catarrh, dyspepsia, rheumatism, weak nerves, or some other form of impure blood.

HOOD'S PILLS are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. Easy and yet efficient. †

SPANISH TROOPS SENT TO CUBA.

Minister of Foreign Affairs Says There Is No Aggravation of the Situation.

U. S. MINISTER WOODFORD.

Presented An Official Note, To Which Premier Sagasta Replied in Vigorous Terms—Work on Naval Armaments Being Rushed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID February 5.—Senor Gullon, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, declares there is no reason to fear any aggravation of the Cuban situation. The despatch of 15,000 men to Cuba, the minister asserts, was decided upon before General Blanco's departure.

HAVANA, February 5.—Captain General Blanco and General Pando have arrived at Puerto Principe. General Blanco is expected to reach Havana in three days.

MADRID, February 5.—*El Heraldo* says that Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, the United States minister, to-day presented an official note to the Spanish government, to which Premier Sagasta responded in vigorous terms.

The work on the naval armaments is being actively rushed, and the Spanish squadron will proceed shortly for the Canary Islands.

HAVANA, February 5.—Among the passengers who arrived here to-day on board the Spanish steamer Maria Christina were Senor Edouardo Dolz, secretary of ports and telegraphs in the colonial government; Senator Elisee Giberg and thirty officers and 1,450 soldiers. The Secretary and Senator were received by the Central and other companies and by the Autonomist Commission, who went out on a tug boat to meet them. The new arrivals were cheered by crowds of people on the wharves.

Capt. George A. Converse, of the United States cruiser Montgomery, accompanied by Lieut. Ramsey and U. S. Consul Bryce, visited the Governor of Matanzas yesterday, and to-day the Governor, his secretary and the other authorities of of Matanzas, where the cruiser is at anchor, returned the visit of the American officers.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Special dispatches from Madrid say that the Spanish Government has decided to send two additional cruisers to the United States. The vessels selected will probably be the Cristobel Colon and the Almirante Oquendo.

HAVANA, February 5.—(via Key West Fla.)—The reported action of ex-Secretary of State Olney in contributing $100 for the relief of suffering Cubans through the Spanish minister in Washington, ignoring Consul General Lee, is criticised by Americans here as tending to cast discredit upon the contributions through the State Department. The announcement that the gift was made through the Spanish minister was cabled here and given publicity and a prominent American resident, speaking of the matter, said that the cable dispatch cost as large a sum as the gift.

Insurgent Col. Camejo, a countryman of Gen. Maximo Gomez, who succeeded leader Cuervo, has already organized two squadrons of cavalry in the districts of Guannor, Vogas and San Nicolas, in Havana province.

El Diario Dela Marina which has hitherto refused to admit that an annexation sentiment existed among resident Spaniards in Cuba, now recognizes the fact that many Spaniards here believe that annexation is a necessity to save their lives and property.

NEW ENGLAND MILLS.

Reasons Given for Their Inability to Compete With Southern Mills.

By Telegraph to The Morning Star.

BOSTON, MASS., February 5.—Mr. Jefferson Collidge, treasurer of Amoskeag Mills, of Manchester, has returned from a trip to Florida. He says of the general mill situation: "On the maintenance of reduction in wages depends the existence of New England mills, and striking against a reduction is a mistake on the part of the operatives, who are attempting to kill the goose that lays the golden egg. If the mill hands desire to be out of employment they are taking the right course in striking.

"Nearly all Southern mills are prosperous. The biggest mills are earning large dividends but are rarely paying six per cent. as they are reserving their excess profits to increase their quick capital.

"The Southern mills get some advantage from cheaper cotton, but the wage question is the greatest factor in their favor. If it were not for the low wages paid in the South our mills could compete with them without trouble."

Southern mills having been built later, are superior to the average Northern mill. The best Southern operatives turn out just as much work as the Northern operatives and just as intelligent."

DOWN ON YALE COLLEGE.

The Young Women's Christian Temperance Union of New Jersey.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 5.—At the close of the ninth annual convention of the Young Women's Christian Temperance Union of New Jersey, held in Jersey City to-day, a resolution was adopted to the effect that in view of the disclosure of the extensive sale of liquor to students of Yale, in New Haven, the members of the Union would use their influence to dissuade all men of their acquaintance who are contemplating a college course to select some other institution, "where they may be surrounded by a more healthy moral atmosphere and be subjected to fewer temptations." A resolution was also adopted condemning bicycle riding on Sunday, and another in commendation of the christening of the Japanese warship at Philadelphia without the use of wine.

SLEIGH RIDERS KILLED.

Run Down by a Railroad Train at Saginaw, Michigan.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAGINAW. MICH., February 5.—Just before 5 o'clock this evening a Michigan Central passenger train from Detroit run down a sleigh containing a man and three women at the Sheridan Avenue crossing. The man and two of the women were killed and the third woman was badly injured.

The dead: Thomas Stewart, Mrs. Matthias Mosner, Miss Barbara Mosner. There was no gate or flagman at the crossing. Stewart saw the train but was unable to cross before being caught.

Attorney Harmon addressed the jury in the Luetgert case all yesterday and said he would continue his argument Monday.

DISORDER IN ALASKA.

Petition to the War Department to Send Troops For the Preservation of Law and Order.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SKAGUAY, ALASKA, January 31, via Seattle, Wash., February 5.—A petition has been circulated here and at Dyea asking the War Department to send 300 troops here that law and order may be preserved. The petition is being signed by nearly all the best element. It reads as follows:

To the Honorable Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.:

We, the undersigned citizens and business men of Alaska, respectfully petition and set forth: That there is an extraordinary condition of affairs existing at and near Dyea and Skaguay, Alaska, which calls for prompt attention from the proper authorities. As a result of recent discoveries of gold in and near Dawson City, N. W. T., Canada, during the past two years, there is an enormous rush of people to that country from all parts of the world, and it is estimated that there will be 250,000 people start for the gold fields of Alaska and the Northwest territory, Canada, during the present year, and not less than 75 per cent. will attempt to get in by way of the Chilkoot and White passes. Even at this early day the full capacity of every steam and sailing ship on the Pacific coast is taxed to its utmost capacity to carry the passengers and freight that is being offered and they are being dumped at these two points at the number of 300 a day, which will soon be largely increased. "In view of the fact that there is no local civil government in the territory of Alaska and no one with sufficient authority to enforce the laws of the land, and much less the crime and disorder, and in view of the large number of the undesirable and criminal class who are now flocking to our community to prey upon the unwary and innocent pilgrim, and in order to have some one with sufficient authority and in sufficient numbers to prevent disorder and blockades on the trails leading to the lakes Lindermann and Bennett, and to protect the property of citizens of the United States, and believing this to be an extraordinary emergency, we believe that martial law should be declared in all this part of Alaska, comprising the communities of Dyea and Skaguay and the trails leading therefrom to the international boundary, and that sufficient troops, not less than 300, be immediately dispatched to these points to enforce the laws and preserve order."

A double murder occurred here at 2 o'clock this morning. Deputy United States Marshal J. M. Rowen, formerly city marshal of Mount Vernon, Washington, and Andrew McGrath, a native of Concord, Ontario, were shot and killed in Jake Rice's theatre by Ed Fay, a bar tender. Fay is being guarded by a committee of citizens. To-morrow he will be tried by a committee of twelve persons. Judicial forms will be followed as closely as possible. It is the general opinion that if found guilty Fay will be hanged. The theatre has been closed by the citizens. The murder had a sad sequel in the death of Rowen's wife and child, which was born a short time previous to the murder of its father. Rowen was on his way to obtain medical assistance for his wife when the shooting occurred. The shooting grew out of a brawl in which McGrath was a participant. He left the place and appealed to Rowen, who, in the capacity of an officer, went to the theatre to investigate the matter.

The Government Relief Expedition.

PORTLAND, Oregon, February 5.—The expedition which the United States government is sending into the interior of Alaska with supplies for the relief of miners, who are reported to be in want, sailed for Dyea to-night in the steamship George W. Elder. The Elder carried 350 passengers, fifty-six of whom are officers and enlisted men of the army, who will act as an escort to the pack train which it is expected will carry the supplies over the passes. About two hundred tons of provisions were forwarded by the government from here and an additional supply from Seattle will be sent in a few days.

CHEMICAL NATIONAL BANK.

No Further Developments in the Quinlan-Silver-Grable Matter.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, February 5.—President Williams, of the Chemical National Bank, when asked to-day whether there were any further developments in the Quinlan-Silver-Grable matter, said: "We have been perfectly frank in taking the public into our confidence and telling them of our losses through Mr. Quinlan's loans. It is no more than right that the public should look at the other side of the account, which is that our profits for the past year were over $1,100,000 and that we can soon make up these losses and have still a handsome investment for the fortunate stockholders.

DEADWOOD, S. D. February 5.—Many warrants of attachment were issued against the Francis C. Grable properties by the clerks of courts here this morning, and two more were issued in Fall River by Deadwood attorneys. The amounts range from one-hundred and fifty to five thousand dollars.

ALABAMA POPULISTS.

Agitating Movement for Returning to the Democratic Party.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., February 5.—A special to the *Times* from Birmingham, Ala., says: A conference of a score or more leading Populists of this county was held to-day. They issued a call for all the Pops of the country, February 19th, to consider a system of returning to the Democratic party, and participating in Democratic primaries. The leaders of the movement say the Democrats adopted the Populistic principles at the Chicago convention and that the best thing for Populists to do is to return to Democracy, act as a faction of the party and by united action wield a strong influence on the party primaries and conventions. It is said similar efforts will be made in various counties. Jerry Fountain, former Populist county chairman, is the leader of the movement which is now opposed by the State Populist organization.

A distinct earthquake shock was felt at Lynchburg, Va., yesterday about three o'clock. The disturbance was through Southwest Virginia, Bedford City reporting that a loud explosive sound, different from the usual rumbling, preceded the shock.

PITCHER'S

CASTORIA

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT

Has the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on every wrapper.

ACTION POSTPONED.

Result of the Conference at the Governor's Mansion on the Hancock Scandal.

ANOTHER MEETING FEB'Y 22.

All Admit That Hancock Will Be Bounced—Other Raleigh News—Retainers Paid to Governor's Attorneys in the Case Against the Southern.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 5.

The expense accounts made by the new railroad commissioners would make very interesting reading matter just now. There is no way of gaining access to these accounts. I understand that some of the acecounts are most absurd. Among others is the following: "Paid J. L. Mott, $25 for services as guard to the commission office." Now young Mott is a son of the doctor and holds a regular position in the penitentiary. At the Governor's suggestion he was stationed at the commission office for two weeks to hold off the Wilsons and the enemy—the Southern Railway. About all young Mott did was to draw breath and the twenty-five dollars salary.

Collector Duncan is appointing storekeepers and gaugers in various parts of the district. The eligibles on the civil service list have been exhausted and appointments are made now of persons who have never stood the civil service examination.

Secretary of State Thompson licensed the Pacific Fire Insurance Company of New York to-day.

The Railway Commission report will make its appearance next week. Clerk Brown is preparing some matter from the report for use by the press.

The colored people are to be given better accommodations in the Union depot here.

The directors of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad met again this morning. It had been decided at the conference at the Executive Mansion last night, which lasted past midnight, that the Hancock matter should be postponed. At the meeting this morning a motion was made to adjourn until February 22, and the same prevailed. The session was a short one.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Nearly all the directors of the Atlantic and North Carolina road admit that Hancock will be bounced at the meeting on the 22d; only two of the members of the Board are for him The Governor would have had him ousted to-day, but desired to let him down easy.

The Governor's attorneys, Messrs. Cook and Douglass, have been paid three hundred dollars each as retainers' fees in the prosecution of the case against the Southern Railway Company.

AMERICAN MONTE CARLO.

Scheme of Chicago People With a Capital of Two Million Dollars.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—The *Journal* to-day says: Michael C. McDonald is at the head of a party of Chicago people who have purchased "Fighting Island," eight miles from Detroit, and on Canadian soil, for the purpose of establishing there a regular American Monte Carlo. There is a capitalization of $2,000,000 behind it. The scheme is to construct at once a race track on the island. With the race track going all sorts of gambling games are to be put in operation. If ever a fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons is arranged, an attempt will be made to pull it off on the island. It was there that George F. Considine, of Detroit, wanted to have the fight for which he recently received Corbett's signature.

WARM WIRELETS.

Consul General Lee at Havana states that the government there consents to the admission of supplies for the destitute and suffering Cubans into any Cuban port, free of duty.

A four-story tenement at 130 East Houston street, New York, was destroyed by fire last night. Seven families lost everything they had and two children were burned to death.

A telegram received at the State Department, Washington, from San Jose, Costa Rica, announces that a revolution was inaugurated there Friday.

Hon. Jos. P. Smith, director of the Bureau of American Republics, died at Miami, Fla., yesterday, after a prolonged illness caused by overwork. The body will be taken to Urbana, Ohio, for interment.

Monsignor Edward McColgan, by virtue of his title an honorary member of the Pontifical household, vicar-general of the arch diocese of Baltimore, and for more than half a century pastor of St. Peters Catholic Church, Baltimore, died yesterday; aged 86 years.

Employes of Whittenton mills, Taunton, Mass., have been notified of a seven per cent. reduction in wages to take effect Monday. More than eight hundred hands are employed and the concern is the largest manufacturer of cotton cloth in the city.

The Populists in Congress have completed an organization, with Representative Bell, of Colorado, as chairman of the joint caucus, Representative Shuford, of North Carolina, as secretary, and Senator Harris, of Kansas, as chairman of the Congressional Committee.

Cheap Advertising.

If you wish to advertise at the lowest rates try the department in the STAR, on fourth page, headed "Business Locals." Situations or help wanted, articles lost or found, rooms or houses wanted or to rent, business opportunities, and many other short miscellaneous advertisements are taken for that department at one cent per word for each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents for each insertion.

—Sunday School Teacher—"Yes, children, God made us all."

Jimmy—"No'm he didn't."

Teacher (horrified)—"W-what?"

Jimmy—"God didn't make my pa. Ma says she's made him what he is."—*New York Journal.*

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by B. R. Bellamy †

HE FIRED FOUR SHOTS.

A West Virginia Coal Miner Killed His Wife and Her Paramour.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, W. VA., Feb. 5.—Geo. P. Tucker, a coal miner at Crescent, Fayette county, went home at noon yesterday and found his wife with Wm. McAllister. He fired four shots, killing both his wife and McAllister instantly. He then walked two miles to Montgomery and gave himself up to the officers. Mrs. Tucker was the mother of three grown children who lived at home. She was 41 years of age. McAllister was 22.

The Vulcan Iron Works plant, of Chicago, was burned last night.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

feb 1 1y su we fr

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonparell Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

Patents—Inventors' Guide Free. 100 Mechanisms free. Ideas wanted. Send sketches. Patentability told free. Simple Inventions best. Book free Omera & Co., opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C. feb 6 1t*

Agents—$7 daily, to sell Specialty Soaps and give customers double their value in Handsome Presents; exclusive territory; sample outfit free Modoc Soap Co., Cincinnati, O feb 6 1t*

Notice.—I wish to inform my friends, customers and the public generally that I have received a lot of the finest wall papers ever offered in the city, and will be pleased to show them. John R. Watson; 620 Wooster street. feb 6 1t

Money! Money!—Now I want to Buy twenty thousand dollars in old money. Bring your Confederate Notes, N. C. Bank Notes and Treasury Notes, Rare Coins, &c., to Hiram Moore, 215 Market street. There's "millions in it." sun feb 6 tf

A Young White Woman desiring a home and compensation, and acquainted with sewing and light house work, can find employment at 517 Orange street. feb 6 2t

For Rent.—Store 113½ South Front street, and dwelling over store 115 South Front street near the New Market, suitable for private or boarding house; both in best business locality. Terms reasonable. Apply to A. D. Wessell. feb 6 1t*

Wanted—A Good active and reliable man to sell Teas, Coffees, Baking Powder and Spices on liberal commissions. Small security required. Address, Grand Union Tea Co., 404 and 406 W. Lexington street, Baltimore, Md. jan 30 2t sun

We are Prepared to accommodate our customers and the public at large with Hot and Cold Water Baths at our tonsorial arcade, 28 North Front street. Yarborough & Murray. feb 3 tf.

Metropolitan Barbers—Myself and assistant are just from Greater New York. We can give you all the latest Metropolitan styles in Hair Dressing. Hair Cut and Shampoo 20 cents, each; Shave 10 cents. Wm. Tienken, 105 Princess street. feb 2 tf

Notice—I will either rent, sell or lease my Store three miles from Wilmington, on the Georgetown Road. No better stand for business in the State. I have quite a nice stock of goods on hand which I will sell on credit, to the party renting, buying or leasing. For further particulars, either address or call on F. M. Moore, Phœnix, Brunswick county, N. C. jan 29 1w

Housekeepers Take Notice—Fine lot of Turkeys just received. If you are in need of A 1 Country Sausage, Liver Pudding, Chickens, Eggs, etc., etc., call on me. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. jan 22 tf

Ladies Wanted to travel and appoint agents for old established house. Permanent position; $40 per month and all expenses. Z., Box 82, Philadelphia, Pa. de 18 D&W tf

Automatic Oil Can—Most complete can made. Shuts itself off when full. Fill your lamp in dark without the possibility of spilling the oil. Privilege of handling to one man in each town. A good thing for the right man. Wilmington people can buy direct from us. S. L. Smith & Son, manufacturers, Wilmington, N. C. jan 23 1m

M. C. Benson, Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street, is prepared to handle all classes of Country Produce, and solicits the same. Beef, Cattle and Milch Cows a specialty. jan 22 tf

Notice—I will lend you Money, or stand your Bond—Houses and Lots for sale on installments of 50c and up. Aquila J. Marshall, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 214 Princess Street. jan 16 1 m

H. J. Bierman, the wide awake Commission Merchant, handles everything in the produce line; also Hides, Furs, Wool, Wax, Pork, Beef, etc., 105 South Front street. Best stand in the city. Give him a trial. jan 5 tf

Money Made and time saved by new process for Parching Peanuts. I can roast large quantities at a time. It will pay you to let me roast for you. Write for particulars. A. E. Blake Wilmington, N. C. de 23 tf

Fresh Ground Graham Flour, Big Hominy, N. C. Head Rice, Choice Hay, and all kinds of Feed; lowest prices. Jno. S. McEachern. Bell Phone 92, Inter-State Phone No. 92. de 9 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208. sep 21 tf

One Hundred Dollars Reward!

WE WILL PAY THE ABOVE AMOUNT for the arrest and conviction of any person representing or selling Incandescent Burners as genuine WELSBACH that do not bear the trade mark of the Company. All genuine lights have stamped on brass work,

"Welsbach System Patent,"

and all genuine MANTLES are marked "J." All other Incandescent goods, Lamps and Mantles, are infringements, notwithstanding representations to the contrary, and both users and sellers are liable to prosecution.

Welsbach Light Co.

jan 30 tf su we fr

To the Public.

I HAVE ASSOCIATED MYSELF WITH Frank H. Stedman in the Insurance Business. Office Southwest corner of Chesnut and Front streets, where I will be pleased to see any one desiring Insurance.

feb 3 tf JOHN HAAR.

The C. W. Polvogt Co

No. 9 North Front St.

Will offer for one week the following reductions in their stock of Blankets, Comforters and Underwear.

Our	Regular	$8.00	Down	Quilt	now	$6.50
"	"	6.75	"	"	"	5.50
"	"	5.00	"	"	"	4.25
Our	Regular	8.50	Wool	Blankets	"	6.50
"	"	7.00	"	"	"	5.50
"	"	4.50	"	"	"	3.50
Our	Regular	2.50	Cotton	Comforters	"	1.75
"	"	1.75	"	"	"	1.30
"	"	1.50	"	"	"	1.15
"	"	1.25	"	"	"	1.00
Our	Regular	1.50	Gents'	Underwear	"	1.25
"	"	1.25	"	"	"	1.00
"	"	1.00	"	"	"	85
Our	Regular	75	Ladies Ribbed	Underwear		50
"	"	50	"	"	"	39

Ten per cent. discount on Children's Underwear. Ladies' and Children's Wraps AT COST. Special prices throughout our Carpet Department. March Patterns and Fashion Sheets have arrived. Come and get one. Sole agents for the W. B. CO SETs. feb 6 tf

AS USUAL WE ARE WELL PREPARED

To supply the public with the highest grade of fuel, and beg to ask attention to the following:

Red Ash Egg Coal,
White Ash Egg Coal,
White Ash Stove Coal,
White Ash Chestnut Coal,
White Ash Furnace Coal,
Pea Coal, Pocahontas Coal,
Tennessee Coal.

Oak Wood, Ash Wood,

Blackjack and Lightwood, Cut for Stoves, Grates, &c., &c.

Full weight and full measure delivered in best of order at the lowets prices. We thank you for orders.

jan 30 1f J. A. SPRINGER & CO.

PLUMBING!

We Have Added This Line to Our Business,

—AND WITH—

MODERATE PRICES AND GOOD WORK,

We hope to receive a fair share of the public Patronage.

jan 5 tf OWEN F. LOVE & CO.

A SHINING BEACON

The Hearth Lit Up By Our Famous Coal Casts

Its effulgence beyond the confines of the room, and the weary wayfarer finds hope and cheer in the far reaching ray. Comfort yourself, your family, and the belated pedestrian by using our high grade Coals.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

Bell Telephones 64 and 94. Inter-State 146.

jan 1

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